April 25, 1969



Rapid Spread of Mao Tsetung Thought Among the People All Over China



The Just Struggle of the Afro-Americans Is Sure to Win



— Commemorating first anniversary of Chairman Mao's Statement in Support of the Afro-American Struggle Against Violent Repression



Full-Length Documentary "New Tsars" Anti-China Atrocities" Showing Throughout China

China's 1969 Spring Export Commodities Fair Opens

QUOTATIONS FROM CHAIRMAN MAO TSETUNG

The force at the core leading our cause forward is the Chinese Communist Party.

The theoretical basis guiding our thinking is Marxism-Leninism.

Ours is a great Party, a glorious Party, a correct Party.

Our Party is now more united, more consolidated than at any time in the past.

Full-Length Documentary "New Tsars' Anti-China Atrocities" Showing Throughout China

The New Tsars' Anti-China Atrocities, a full-length documentary which exposes the Soviet revisionist renegade clique's provocations against China on the Wusuli and Heilung Rivers, has been showing in Peking and other parts of the country since April 19.

Produced by the Central Newsreel and Documentary Film Studio, the film exposes with irrefutable facts the hideous features of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique which has taken over the mantle of tsarist Russian imperialism and is pushing its social-imperialist policy of aggression. It fully reflects the iron will of the Chinese armymen and civilians who, armed with Mao Tsetung Thought and tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution, are determined to defend their motherland's sacred territory at all costs.

Film-goers can see from the documentary that, before 1860, the Wusuli and Heilung Rivers in northeast China were China's inland rivers. Through the unequal "Sino-Russian Treaty of Aigun" and "Sino-Russian Treaty of Peking," tsarist Russian imperialism forcibly grabbed more than one million square kilometres of Chinese territory north of the Heilung River and east of the Wusuli River. Thus the two rivers became boundary rivers between China and the Soviet Union. The land annexed by tsarist Russia is five times the size of the Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic or ten times the size of China's Kiangsu Province. film records the righteous statements by Marx, Engels and Lenin denouncing tsarist Russia's crime of aggression against China. It also records the proletarian policy announced by the Soviet Government under Lenin's leadership on September 27, 1920: "All the treaties concluded by the previous Russian Government with China are null and void, and it renounces all the seized Chinese territory and all Russian concessions in China and returns to China gratis and for ever everything the tsarist government and the Russian bourgeoisie seized rapaciously from her."

The film reminds the audience of the fact that although there are boundary questions between China and the Soviet Union left over by history, nothing untoward happened along the boundary when the Soviet Union was still a socialist state. The Chinese and the Soviet peoples have forged ties of profound revolutionary friendship in the course of long revolutionary struggles. Moving scenes on the screen reflect the friendly relations between the people of the two countries on the Wusuli and Heilung Rivers.

The Chinese Government consistently holds that boundary questions between China and the Soviet Union left over by history should be settled through negotiations and that, pending a settlement, the status quo of the boundary should be maintained. But the Soviet revisionist renegade clique - which has usurped the leadership of the Party and state in the Soviet Union, brought about an all-round restoration of capitalism at home and, externally, carried out frantic anti-China activities in collusion with the United States - singlehandedly sabotaged the 1964 Sino-Soviet negotiations on the boundary question and has constantly undermined the status quo of the Sino-Soviet boundary and created border incidents. A map handed to the Chinese side by the Soviet revisionists during the 1964 Sino-Soviet negotiations on the boundary question is The Soviet revisionists shown. tampered with the boundary line as they pleased on this map and marked as their territory more than 600 of the over 700 islands on the Chinese side of the central lines of the main channels of the Wusuli and Heilung Rivers. All this fully displays the wild ambitions of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique to seize still more land from China.

The Soviet revisionists' rabid anti-China crimes on the Wusuli and Heilung Rivers are truthfully documented in the large number of onthe-spot shots in the film: Gunboats sent by the Soviet revisionists creating trouble on the Wusuli River, ramming Chinese fishing boats, seizing Chinese fishermen's nets, spurting water on Chinese fishermen with high-pressure hoses and even kidnapping Chinese fishermen. There are also shots of fully-armed troops sent by the Soviet revisionists to forcibly occupy China's territory Heihsiatzu Island and repeatedly intrude into Chinese territory Wupalao Island, Chilichin Island and other islands, interfering with and undermining the productive work of Chinese inhabitants in the border area and even pushing some of them into the Heilung River. Armoured vehicles sent by the Soviet revisionists kill unarmed Chinese fishermen by running over or ramming them. All this fully shows that, like the U.S. imperialists, the Soviet revisionist social-imperialists are a gang of outand-out fascist pirates.

The film shows how the Chinese fishermen, who are armed with Mao Tsetung Thought and tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution, wage valiant struggles against the Soviet revisionist intruders carrying out provocations. These fishermen have demonstrated the heroic spirit of daring to "vanquish all enemies and never to yield."

Our great socialist motherland's Chenpao Island, which has always been Chinese territory, comes on the screen. Chinese fishermen have worked on the island for generations and Chinese frontier guards have always patrolled it. During the ice-bound seasons in the more than two years between January 23, 1967 and March 2, 1969, the Soviet revisionist frontier troops intruded into China's Chenpao Island area on 16 occasions. In the short space of two months—in January and February this year—Soviet revisionism carried out

armed intrusions into the Chenpao Island area on eight occasions. Evidence of these crimes is recorded in the film. To extricate itself from its internal and external difficulties, the Soviet revisionist renegade clique directed Soviet troops to flagrantly intrude into the Chenpao Island area on March 2, 1969 and launch a sudden attack on Chinese frontier guards on patrol duty, thus creating an extremely grave incident of bloodshed. This monstrous crime is also recorded in the film.

The Chinese frontier guards were compelled to fight back in selfdefence after reaching the end of their forbearance. They gave the intruders, who carried out provocations, the punishment they deserved, and victoriously safeguarded the sacred territory of our great socialist motherland. The Chinese Government lodged the strongest protest with the Soviet Government against this extremely grave armed provocation on the border by Soviet revisionism. The film vividly records scenes of hundreds of millions of armymen and civilians in China, who have bitter hatred for the enemy, holding unprecedentedly powerful demonstrations and other activities to protest and angrily denounce Soviet revisionism's crimes of aggression. They warn the Soviet revisternly sionist renegade clique: China's sacred territory brooks no violation by anyone. Armed with Mao Tsetung Thought and tempered in the great proletarian cultural revolution, the 700 million Chinese people are invincible. If you dare to intrude again, we will crush you and see to it that none of you go back alive.

China's 1969 Spring Export Commodities Fair Opens

China's 1969 Spring Export Commodities Fair triumphantly opened in Kwangchow on April 15 amid warm celebrations by the revolutionary people of the whole country of the convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

The fair is being held at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has won tremendous vic-

tory. The great variety of commodities on display amply testifies to the rapid progress of China's socialist construction spurred by the mighty force of the great proletarian cultural revolution. It demonstrates that the entire Chinese people, under the leadership of our great leader Chairman Mao, have achieved remarkable successes in both industrial and agricultural production by firmly implementing the principle $^{
m of}$ "grasping revolution and promoting production."

The city of Kwangchow was the scene of jubilation that day. With the publication of the press communique on the Party's Ninth National Congress on April 14, celebration activities in the city reached a new high tide. The building housing the fair was festively decorated; over it floated balloons carrying huge slogans reading: "Long live the victory of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China!" "Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution!" "Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!" "Long live the great, glorious and correct Chinese Communist Party!" and "Long live the great teacher, great leader, great supreme commander and great helmsman Chairman Mao!" A large oil painting in front of the building reflected the lively scene of Chinese people singing and dancing to celebrate the Party's Ninth Congress.

At 9 o'clock that morning, friends in business circles from all parts of the world, compatriots from Hongkong and Macao and overseas Chinese arrived at the Export Commodities Fair building on Haichu Square for the grand opening ceremony. As the guests entered the building, they extended to the staff of the fair their congratulations on the convocation of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

Yuan Teh-liang, Vice-Chairman of the Kwangtung Provincial Revolutionary Committee, spoke at the opening ceremony. On behalf of the Kwangtung Provincial and Kwangchow Municipal Revolutionary Committees and the fair, he extended his welcome to the friends in business

circles from the five continents and to the compatriots from Hongkong and Macao and the overseas Chinese. Speaking of the tremendous significance of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, he said that the Congress filled a most brilliant new page in the history of the Chinese Communist Party and would have an extremely far-reaching influence on the Chinese revolution. He added: Today, Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought is spreading on an ever wider scale in the world. The revolutionary people of the world have become increasingly awakened and the storm of the people's revolution is battering hard at the old world. U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionism and all reaction are having an increasingly difficult time. Beset with difficulties both at home and abroad and finding themselves in an impasse, they are intensifying their anti-China activities. But, lifting a rock only to drop it on their own feet, they will certainly come to no good end.

The current fair, he said, has taken on an entirely new revolutionary look. Holding high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, we will promote friendly trade relations with friends of all countries in accordance with our foreign trade policy of equality, mutual benefit and mutual exchange of needed goods.

With an area twice as large as before, the pavilion of treasured red books, where Chairman Mao's works are on display, occupies the centre of the fair. The world-shaking great proletarian cultural revolution has greatly accelerated the extensive dissemination of Mao Tsetung Thought. In the two and a half years between 1966 and 1968, China distributed upward of 24 million copies of Chairman Mao's works in more than 150 countries and regions in the world, more than five times as many as the total number of copies distributed before the great cultural revolution. In addition, the revolutionary people of 59 countries and regions have translated and published Chairman Mao's works in more than 70 languages.

The agricultural products and large quantities of new industrial products on display convincingly

testify to the new leap forward in China's socialist construction under the guidance of Chairman Mao's policy of "taking agriculture as the foundation and industry as the leading factor" and under the mighty impetus of the great proletarian cultural revolution. A special pavilion, the Tachai Pavilion, shows the heroic exploits of the commune members and cadres of the Tachai Production Brigade who, holding high the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, are building their new socialist village in the spirit of hard struggle and self-reliance. It also shows the exploits of many other advanced agricultural units that have emerged in all parts of the country under the guidance of Chairman Mao's instruction: "In agriculture, learn from Tachai." On exhibit are products of agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry, side-line occupations and fishery from the provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions in the country. They are of a much greater variety than those at the previous fair. In the Taching Pavilion, the large number of new petroleum products on display vividly reflects the tremendous achievements China's petroleum industry has made during the great proletarian cultural revolution.

Chairman Mao has taught us: "Once the correct ideas characteristic of the advanced class are grasped by the masses, these ideas turn into a material force which changes society and changes the world." Placing Mao Tsetung Thought in command of everything, China's heroic working class has thoroughly shattered the "philosophy of servile dependence on foreigners for everything," the "policy of going at a snail's pace" and other counter-revolutionary revisionist stuff peddled by the renegade. traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi. Giving full play to their wisdom, talent and creative power, China's workers have made tremendous contributions to the country's socialist construction. A model of the 125,000-kilowatt steam turbine generator with water cooled stator and rotor is on display at the fair for the first time. This generator is a new achievement by the workers of the Shanghai Electric Machinery Plant following their taking hold of leadership over production and technical matters. It is a generator with the most advanced cooling system in the world to date. Other new products include a programme control vertical lathe made by the Tsitsihar No. 1 Machine Tool Plant, an analogue electronic computer by the Peking No. 1 Radio Factory and a host of light industrial products. They are all new products made by the Chinese working class during the great proletarian cultural revolution.

In the evening, a grand reception for the opening of the fair was held. Chou Hua-min, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade, was present. Diplomatic envoys and diplomatic officials from a number of countries attended. After the reception, the students of the Shanghai School of Dancing gave a performance of *The White-Haired Girl*, a revolutionary ballet with a contemporary theme.

A.A.J.A. Secretariat Statement On Afro-Asian Journalists' Day

The Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Journalists' Association issued a statement on April 17 on Afro-Asian Journalists' Day of April 24. The statement said: "In facing the reality in today's world, the primary task of the revolutionary journalists in Asia and Africa and the rest of the world is to intensify and advance their endeavours in supporting the peoples' revolutionary struggle against imperialism, modern revisionism, Zionism, fascism and all reaction and for genuine liberation.

"The Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Journalists' Association calls on all its member organizations and journalist colleagues in Africa and Asia, on the occasion of Afro-Asian Journalists' Day, to mobilize the people for the purpose of effectively strengthening their struggle against U.S.-led imperialism in all fields, for thoroughly exposing the treacherous nature of the Soviet revisionist ruling clique, which has betrayed the Great October Revolution, and for strongly opposing Zionism, fascism and comprador regimes against which people in many countries have already taken up arms."

The Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Journalists' Association, the statement said, wishes to express its greatest joy over the fact that this call is being issued at the time when the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is being held in Peking under the direct leadership of Chairman Mao Tsetung. It added: "This Congress is an event of great historic significance not only to the Chinese people but also to all genuine revolutionaries throughout the world fighting for national liberation and socialism."

The statement said: "We are convinced that, holding aloft the great red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and marching forward under the guidance of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China, the Chinese people will achieve still greater victories in socialist revolution and socialist construction and in further strengthening China as the strongest bastion of the world revolution and the most reliable ally of all peoples fighting for national liberation and independence."

The statement pointed out: U.S. imperialism has now become ever more deeply entangled in its war of aggression against the Vietnamese people. It is being encircled and pounded by the people throughout the world, including the American people. It is "frantically looking for ways and means of getting more support from its accomplices and buying off still more puppet regimes, which are willing to be utilized as tools of U.S. aggressive policy. In this state of affairs, people see the manifestations of the Soviet revisionists' strategy based on Soviet revisionist-U.S. imperialist collaboration to dominate the world under the signboard of 'peaceful coexistence.' For genuine revolutionaries, however, there can never exist 'peaceful coexistence' between imperialism and revolutionary people."

The objective situation is excellent, the statement declared. It is the bounden duty of the revolutionary journalists to contribute their part to promoting the subjective conditions for advancing the peoples' revolutionary struggle.

Rapid Spread of Mao Tsetung Thought Among The People All Over China

— More Volumes of Chairman Mao's Works Published and Distributed in a Better Way

I NSPIRED by the extra good news of the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress and with profound proletarian feelings of boundless love for our great leader Chairman Mao, the masses of workers and revolutionary cadres on the publishing, printing and distribution fronts in many provinces, municipalities and autonomous regions - in Shanghai, Hunan, Kwangtung, Kwangsi, Chekiang, Liaoning, Kirin, Heilungkiang, Shensi, Kansu, Chinghai, Szechuan, Yunnan, etc. - are printing and distributing large numbers of Chairman Mao's brilliant works and brilliant portraits of Chairman Mao in high quality and at high speed. This is a concrete action in honour of the Congress. They said: The opening of the Congress is a great victory for invincible Mao Tsetung Thought. Boundlessly loyal to our great leader Chairman Mao, we are determined to print larger numbers of his treasured revolutionary books to spread Mao Tsetung Thought among the people all over the nation.

With high political enthusiasm and great revolutionary militancy, the revolutionary workers and revolutionary cadres in the publishing, printing and distribution fields everywhere have further launched the new high tide to grasp revolution and promote production and to print in better quality more copies of Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao. The number printed by many printing houses in Shanghai generally increased by 20-30 per cent recently. When the good news of the opening of the Congress reached the Human Hsinhua Printing House, the workers were elated. In the revolutionary spirit of "seizing the day, seizing the hour," they worked round-the-clock to raise their daily quota by 20 per cent while ensuring high quality.

Wire Chairman Lin, Chairman Mao's close comradein-arms, teaches us: "Sailing the seas depends on the
melmsman, making revolution depends on Mao Tsetung
Thought." "Once Mao Tsetung Thought is grasped by
the bread masses, it becomes an inexhaustible source
of strength and a spiritual atom bomb of infinite
power." Following these instructions, the revolutionary
masses on the publishing and printing fronts regard the publishing, printing and distribution of
Chairman Mao's works as their most glorious and sacred
political task. In the course of work, they vigorously
praised the magnificent deeds and contributions made
by our great leader Chairman Mao and the infinite

power of Mao Tsetung Thought. With invincible Mao Tsetung Thought as their weapon, they also scathingly denounced the towering crimes of the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi and his agents who frantically opposed the masses' live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and did their utmost to sabotage the printing and distribution of Chairman Mao's works. This has greatly stimulated their profound proletarian feelings of boundless love for Chairman Mao and further raised their level of consciousness of class struggle and the struggle between the two lines. They said: Chairman Mao is the red sun shining most brightly in our hearts, Mao Tsetung Thought is our life-blood, and spreading great Mao Tsetung Thought among the revolutionary masses is the need of the time and of the revolution. We will certainly fulfil the glorious task of high-quality and high-speed printing of Chairman Mao's brilliant works.

Since the great proletarian cultural revolution began, the number of Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao published and distributed in different parts of the country has increased from several times to dozens of times compared with the accumulated total distributed prior to this revolution. Recently, the People's Publishing House, which is charged with serving the entire nation, made a newtype plate for printing the Selected Works of Mao Tsetung 15 days ahead of schedule. It quickly sent more than 400 sets of model to different parts of the nation so that they could start printing. In the past three years, the number of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung, popular edition, printed in Shanghai was equivalent to 13 times the total number printed before the great cultural revolution. The fine four-volumein-one edition of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung printed in Shanghai increased 3.7-fold in the same period; portraits of Chairman Mao increased eightfold. The number of Chairman Mao's works printed in Yunnan Province during the great cultural revolution was more than 50 times the aggregate total distributed before the revolution. The number of plants printing Chairman Mao's works in Kansu Province has increased from one to 16 and the copies of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung distributed in 1968 alone were six times the total of 16 years prior to the great cultural revolu-Heilungkiang Province did not print Selected Works of Mao Tsetung at all before the great cultural

revolution. Now it has printed and distributed 4 million sets. The distribution of large numbers of Chairman Mao's works has powerfully promoted the vigorous growth of the nationwide mass movement for the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and widely propagated and spread invincible Mao Tsetung Thought on an unprecedented scale.

The revolutionary workers and revolutionary cadres on the publishing and printing fronts regard their printing of every volume of Chairman Mao's works and every portrait of Chairman Mao as a process to temper their boundless loyalty to our great leader Chairman Mao. They examine every character and every punctuation mark very carefully, and do not let a single plate go to the printing workshop that is not up to the required standards. They said: In the treasured books of Chairman Mao, every sentence expresses truth and every character shines with brilliance. Every dot and stroke must be strictly neat and not the slightest printing defect is permitted.

Carrying forward the working-class spirit of revolutionary initiative, the printing, paper-making, leather, printing ink, plastics and machinery workers everywhere ensured rapid and better printing of the treasured works of Chairman Mao.

To spread Mao Tsetung Thought as quickly as possible, the distribution, postal and transport departments

braved severe cold and extreme heat to go to the plants and the villages. In places with poor transport facilities, the personnel of these departments carried Chairman Mao's works and portraits of Chairman Mao on their backs or on draught animals wading through water and crossing mountains to deliver them to the revolutionary masses. The workers, poor and lower-middle peasants and revolutionary masses were very excited on getting the treasured books. They cheered again and again: Long live Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao! They all pledged to study Chairman Mao's writings and follow his teachings all their lives and always be his good fighters.

The revolutionary workers and revolutionary cadres on the publishing, printing and distribution fronts deeply realize that they must do a good job in the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought, conscientiously implement Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions and various proletarian policies, and use revolution to command and promote production. Taking the Ninth Congress as a motive force, they will launch a new high tide in the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought, ensure high-quality printing of more copies of treasured Chairman Mao's works and brilliant portraits of Chairman Mao, and make still greater contributions in propagating invincible Mao Tsetung Thought throughout the nation and the world.

Closely Follow Chairman Mao, Make New Contributions to the People

PEVOLUTIONARY workers, poor and lower-middle peasants, Red Guards and commanders and fighters of the People's Liberation Army who have been honoured by being cordially received by our great leader Chairman Mao and his close comrade-in-arms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao during the great proletarian cultural revolution have derived great encouragement and tremendous strength from the receptions. With boundless proletarian feelings for Chairman Mao, the P.L.A. commanders and fighters who have been received have studied and applied Mao Tsetung Thought more diligently than ever and made new contributions to the people.

Chang Yi-min, the political commissar of a naval unit, is a standard-bearer in the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought in the navy. He is a hero. As a result of his live study and application of Chairman Mao's military thinking and Vice-Chairman Lin's tactical principles, he was able to lead his unit in sinking or damaging four enemy warships at different

times. On the evening of December 3, 1967, he was overwhelmed with joy to shake hands with Chairman Mao and Vice-Chairman Lin during their reception of activists in the live study and application of Chairman Mao's works in the navy. Filled with great inspiration and tremendous strength, he returned to his unit from Peking where Chairman Mao lives. He then was appointed political commissar of a naval unit and approved to be Party committee secretary of the unit. He viewed his promotion as a more exacting demand on him by Chairman Mao and the Party, and was determined to turn the unit into a militant collective boundlessly loyal to Chairman Mao.

After he took up his new post, how to enable the Party committee to closely follow Chairman Mao's great strategic plan and carry out his latest series of instructions in a still better way became his first concern.

The Party committee led the unit in carrying out activities to express their boundless loyalty to Chairman Mao, to Mao Tsetung Thought and to Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. It conscientiously carried out education in Chairman Mao's line on army building and launching a deep-going movement for creating "fourgood" companies. All this has raised the commanders' and the fighters' proletarian feelings of loyalty to Chairman Mao and has heightened their awareness of the struggle between the two lines to an unprecedented level, thereby making it possible for them to carry out Chairman Mao's latest instructions more effectively. There were more "four-good" companies and "five-good" fighters in the unit last year than in any previous year.

Chang Yi-min has always been in the forefront of the struggle. Whenever a new instruction from Chairman Mao is published, he never loses any time studying it conscientiously and leads the members of his unit, even at night, in getting it to the masses. A production team in a deep ravine 20 kilometres from where his unit is stationed is not easily accessible and did not get news very quickly in the past. Leading a Mao Tsetung Thought propaganda team, Chang Yi-min has often crossed some twenty hills to relay Chairman Mao's latest instructions to the poor and lower-middle peasants there.

To implement Chairman Mao's instructions still more thoroughly and to take the road of building the P.L.A. on a political basis still more firmly, the Communist Party committee of his unit decided to act on his proposal to reclaim seaside land, set up a farm and turn it into a big classroom for the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought and for the ideological revolutionization of the P.L.A. cadres and fighters.

Chang Yi-min took the lead in building dykes and reclaiming land. After five months' hard work, the P.L.A. men wrested 300 mu of arable land from the sea. In the course of tempering themselves through manual work, the commanders and fighters repudiated self-interest and fostered the concept of devotion to the public interest. This did a great deal to revolutionize their thinking.

Since being cordially received by Chairman Mao, Chang Yi-min has always firmly borne in mind his great teaching: "We should never divorce ourselves from the masses." During the Spring Festival, he and other P.L.A. men braved bitter wind and swirling snow to go to the coastal defence front to spread and implement Chairman Mao's instructions. Chang Yi-min has no fixed office in the naval unit and is always to be found with the fighters, studying and applying Chairman Mao's works in a live way, fighting self and repudiating revisionism and taking part in productive labour. Whenever there are major problems to be solved in his unit, he invites the fighters to take part in discussions.

In celebrating the opening of the Party's Ninth National Congress, Chang Yi-min was determined to join the other members of the Communist Party committee of his unit in leading the unit forward under the guidance of Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, so that it follows Chairman Mao's great strategic plan closely, makes great strides in its advance along the road of ideological revolutionization and never stops making new contributions to the people.

Chao Hung-chu is a health worker in a unit of the General Logistics Department of the P.L.A. stationed in the Buteha Banner of Inner Mongolia. He is an activist in the live study and application of Chairman Mao's works and, because of his wholehearted service to the people, he is honoured by the local masses as "The Red P.L.A. Doctor at the Foot of the Khingan Mountains."

In the spring of 1968, along with the other delegates to the Second Congress of Activists in the Study of Chairman Mao's Works held by the General Logistics Department, he was filled with joy to see our great leader Chairman Mao.

On his return from Peking to the grasslands, Chao Hung-chu studied Chairman Mao's writings even harder and served the fighters and local herdsmen with still greater enthusiasm.

He has braved many snowstorms travelling far and wide in treating patients. After returning late at night he often reads *In Memory of Norman Bethune* before an oil lamp. Sometimes in the evening, he joins the herdsmen in taking the livestock to the pastures. He would build a campfire and by its light read Chairman Mao's latest instructions aloud. Within a radius of several hundred kilometres, his footprints are to be found all over the grassland.

In the winter of 1968 he attended a patient whose lower limbs had been paralysed for several years. To alleviate the patient's suffering, he first experimented on himself with the acupuncture needles. Unable to locate the exact acupuncture points several times, his attempts caused him sharp pain and bleeding. His legs became numb and swollen a few days later.

At this point he again studied Chairman Mao's teaching: "These battalions of ours are wholly dedicated to the liberation of the people and work entirely in the people's interests." To relieve his class brother from suffering, he continued to experiment on himself until it proved effective. Only then did he begin using the needles on the patient, who, under Chao Hung-chu's careful treatment, was finally able to stand up.

Chao Hung-chu had a cold one night, and he felt dizzy and weak all over. But as soon as he heard the news that the child of a poor peasant on the other side of the hill was very ill, Chao Hung-chu took his medical kit and rushed off. A snowstorm enveloped him and the cold wind made his condition worse. He suffered from fits of vomiting and every step took enormous effort.

As he looked at the Chairman Mao badge on his chest he could feel himself filled with strength. Reciting

to himself Chairman Mao's teaching, "Be resolute, fear no sacrifice and surmount every difficulty to win victory," he battled valiantly against the snowstorm all night.

It was morning before he reached the patient's home, but he arrived in time to save the sick child. The poor and lower-middle peasants around him could not restrain themselves from singing: "Great as are the heavens and earth, what we owe to the Party is greater. Dear as are father and mother, Chairman Mao is dearer."

In the past year Chao Hung-chu has got many patients out of danger and constantly made new contributions to the people.

Chang Fu-chuan is the head of a canteen in a P.L.A. unit and an activist in the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought in the Headquarters of the General Staff of the Chinese People's Liberation Army. On January 25, 1969, he was received by our great leader Chairman Mao and his close comrade-inarms Vice-Chairman Lin Piao. Chang Fu-chuan has had the honour of meeting Chairman Mao on several occasions. These receptions have brought inexhaustible strength to this poor peasant's son, who regards such honours as a new motive force and has since made many new contributions to the people.

Chairman Mao teaches us: "The comrades must be helped to remain modest, prudent and free from arrogance and rashness in their style of work. The comrades must be helped to preserve the style of plain living and hard struggle."

Chang Fu-chuan always bears in mind this teaching of Chairman Mao's and retains the qualities of an ordinary soldier.

When Chang Fu-chuan was a cook a few years ago, he rebuilt the stove and studied how the fire burned, with the result that coal consumption for every half kilogramme of grain cooked was cut from over 500 grammes to around 150 grammes, thus reaching the most advanced level in the unit. Our great leader Chairman Mao's reception gave him great encouragement and strength. To save more coal, he and his comrades worked day and night and finally succeeded in making a new iron pot which rapidly conducts heat and consumes less coal, and made further improvements on the stove, bringing the consumption of coal down to about 50 grammes. This was later reduced to around 40 grammes.

Chang Fu-chuan led a team to different departments of his unit to enthusiastically spread Mao Tsetung Thought and to actively pass on his experience in improving the stove.

Inspired by the Party's Ninth National Congress, Chang Fu-chuan and the comrades in the kitchen squad are bringing about a new upsurge in their live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought. They are determined to honour the Congress by achieving greater successes in their efforts to grasp revolution and promote production and other work and preparedness against war.

When he was in the Chinese People's Volunteers, Hsu Heng-lu, now deputy chief of staff of a division under the Peking Command, distinguished himself by rendering meritorious service, special class, and won the glorious title of combat hero. Since the day he joined the revolutionary ranks, he has fought wherever Chairman Mao indicated and made consistent contributions to the revolution in battle. He has had the honour of being received by Chairman Mao on 25 occasions. Every reception by our great leader has given Hsu Heng-lu new and tremendous strength. He has made greater efforts to study and apply Mao Tsetung Thought in a live way and continuously scaled new heights on the road of revolutionizing his thinking.

In response to the great call of Chairman Mao, Hsu Heng-lu performed the task of helping the Left in the great proletarian cultural revolution. Together with the fighters, he has gone to the cities and villages, to nearly 100 factories, mines, government organs, schools and people's communes. Wherever he went, he spread Mao Tsetung Thought, and helped the units he visited form revolutionary great alliances and revolutionary three-in-one combination and promote the deepening of the struggle-criticism-transformation movement. Thus, he made new contributions to the people.

In the course of sharp and complex class struggle, Hsu Heng-lu studied and applied Chairman Mao's works in a live way and firmly carried out Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line. In the long years of hard revolutionary struggles, he became troubled by pains around his waist. Sometimes the pain was great when he was at the frontline of helping the Left. However, when he thought of Chairman Mao's reception and the glorious task entrusted to him by Chairman Mao, he was invigorated and, with the revolutionary masses, continued the fight with still greater revolutionary energy. Despite his condition, he helped the revolutionary masses extensively organize Mao Tsetung Thought study classes of different types and implement Chairman Mao's latest series of instructions. He constantly went deep among the poor and lower-middle peasants to modestly ask their opinions about the work of helping the Left. He also modestly solicited opinions from the fighters. The revolutionary masses and fighters all praised him as a "man who takes the lead in ideological revolutionization."

During the joyous days of celebrating the Party's Ninth National Congress, Hsu Heng-lu reviewed the course of his development. He deeply realized that every achievement in his revolutionary course is due to the direction given by our great leader Chairman Mao. He made a solemn pledge always to remain loyal to our great leader Chairman Mao, to invincible Mao Tsetung Thought and to Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line, always to closely follow Chairman Mao and go forward!

The struggle of the Black people in the United States is bound to merge with the American workers' movement, and this will eventually end the criminal rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class.

- MAO TSETUNG

The Just Struggle of the Afro-Americans Is Sure to Win

 Commemorating first anniversary of Chairman Mao's Statement in Support of the Afro-American Struggle Against Violent Repression

ON April 16 a year ago, our great leader Chairman Mao issued his Statement in Support of the Afro-American Struggle Against Violent Repression. This statement is another glorious Marxist-Leninist document on the Afro-American struggle following the "Statement Supporting the Afro-Americans in Their Just Struggle Against Racial Discrimination by U.S. imperialism" made by Chairman Mao in 1963.

Chairman Mao pointed out in his statement last year: "The Afro-American struggle is not only a struggle waged by the exploited and oppressed Black people for freedom and emancipation, it is also a new clarion call to all the exploited and oppressed people of the United States to fight against the barbarous rule of the monopoly capitalist class." The development in depth of the Afro-American struggle and the new upsurge of the revolutionary mass movement of all the American people in the past year have vividly borne out this scientific thesis of Chairman Mao's.

Following the Black people's struggle against violent repression which swept more than 160 American cities on an unprecedented scale last spring, new waves of struggles against violent suppression raged one after another in Cleveland and dozens of other cities. Meanwhile, the workers' movement in the United States developed tremendously. There was a total of 4,950 strikes by American workers in 1968. Students in more than 100 American universities and colleges took part in strikes and demonstrations to strongly oppose the aggressive war against Vietnam, racial discrimination and the decadent bourgeois educational system. The Afro-American struggle, the workers' movement and

the progressive student movement, which echo and are interwoven with one another, have dealt the reactionary rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class a telling blow.

Chairman Mao pointed out in his statement: "Racial discrimination in the United States is a product of the colonialist and imperialist system. The contradiction between the Black masses in the United States and U.S. ruling circles is a class contradiction. Only by overthrowing the reactionary rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class and destroying the colonialist and imperialist system can the Black people in the United States win complete emancipation." With the daily sharpening of the class struggle and the development in depth of the Afro-American struggle in the United States, this truth has been understood by more and more Afro-American people.

The system of racial discrimination in the United States is one of the mainstays by which U.S. imperialism maintains its reactionary rule. The U.S. monopoly capitalist class uses racial discrimination as an important means to grab super-profits and divide the broad labouring masses. So long as the capitalist system exists in the United States, U.S. ruling circles will never forsake their policy of racial discrimination; on the contrary, they will only intensify the racial oppression and class oppression of the broad Afro-American masses. Inheriting the mantle of previous U.S. governments, Richard Nixon has employed counter-revolutionary dual tactics against the Black Americans. On the one hand, he emphasizes "law" and "order" and has intensified the violent suppression of the Black people. What is especially pernicious in this respect is his policy of

using Black people to fight the Black people by recruiting Black Americans into the police force. On the other hand, he is unscrupulously engaged in political deception by advocating the "development of Black capitalism," pretending to be concerned over the Black people's welfare. This trick of Nixon's is most ridiculous. The root cause of the sufferings of the Afro-Americans lies precisely in capitalism. The so-called "development of Black capitalism" simply means fostering a handful of Black capitalists while subjugating the broad masses of Afro-Americans and making them eternal slaves of capital. How can such a clumsy trick deceive anybody? From the practice of their own struggle, the Afro-American masses have come to understand more and more clearly that to win complete emancipation, they must unite with the broad masses of the white working people, merge their struggle with the workers' movement and use revolutionary violence to overthrow the criminal rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class.

In his statement, Chairman Mao has made a great call: "People of the whole world, unite still more closely and launch a sustained and vigorous offensive against our common enemy, U.S. imperialism, and against its accomplices!" The tide of the great struggle now being waged by the proletariat and the broad masses of the

people throughout the world against U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism is rising vigorously. That the Afro-American struggle is taking place in the very heart of the world's counter-revolutionary forces — the United States—is of great international significance. This struggle is a component part of the great struggle by all the people of the world against U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism, and a component part of the world revolutionary movement in our era. The valiant struggle of the Black people in the United States is a powerful support to the people of other countries fighting against U.S. imperialism, while the anti-U.S. struggles of the people of all countries are a support to the revolutionary struggle of the Afro-Americans. All these revolutionary struggles which support one another have converged into a huge torrent of the world revolutionary movement in the present era, and are pounding vigorously at the entire old world. It can be said with certainty that, with the support of the revolutionary people who comprise over 90 per cent of the world population, the Afro-American struggle and the revolutionary struggle of all the American people will inevitably sweep the whole country like a raging fire and reduce U.S. imperialism to ashes.

("Renmin Ribao" editorial, April 17)

Afro-American Struggle Developing in Depth

OUR great leader Chairman Mao issued his Statement in Support of the Afro-American Struggle Against Violent Repression on April 16, 1968. With its incontrovertible truth, this statement greatly inspires the broad masses of the Afro-American people in their just struggle to win freedom and emancipation. During the past year, the Afro-American struggle has been surging ahead wave upon wave and developing in depth daily. The trend of this struggle to merge with the workers' movement has become more and more obvious. Its spearhead is clearly directed at the criminal rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist groups. An ever fiercer and greater storm of the revolutionary struggle of the Afro-Americans is bound to come.

The Afro-American struggle in the past year has developed on the basis of the violent resistance against racial discrimination started five years ago. On August 8, 1963, Chairman Mao issued his "Statement Supporting the Afro-Americans in Their Just Struggle Against Racial Discrimination by U.S. Imperialism." Chairman Mao's brilliant thinking has rapidly raised the political consciousness of the Black Americans. Breaking the shackles of "non-violence," they launched one large-scale violent struggle after another against bloody repression by fascist troops and police in Har-

lem (New York) in 1964, in Watts (Los Angeles) in 1965, in Chicago in 1966 and in Newark and Detroit in 1967.

The Afro-American struggle in 1968 developed a step further and brought about a new situation. In early April, in only a week's time, the flames of this struggle against violent repression spread over the country to more than 160 cities and towns. Even Washington, the ruling centre of the U.S. monopoly groups, became a battlefield where the Afro-Americans fought tenaciously. This powerful storm dealt the U.S. reactionary ruling circles a stunning blow. Alarmed, they said that it was the "most serious internal crisis" in the United States in the last 100 years. All this fully illustrates the rapid awakening of the Afro-Americans and, "it shows that an extremely powerful revolutionary force is latent in the more than 20 million Black Americans."

Black Workers' Increasingly Prominent Fighting Role

Black workers have played an increasingly prominent fighting role in the Afro-American struggle during the past year. This is a marked characteristic showing that the struggle is developing in depth. In the stormy nationwide actions of the Afro-Americans

against violent repression, the Black workers took the lead in starting spontaneous strikes everywhere, forcing many factories to stop production. Noteworthy is the fact that in many industrial cities, the Black workers have begun to form caucuses which by breaking the control of the scab union bosses have directly led the strikes, giving a powerful impetus to the strike struggle of the American workers as a whole. The strikes by the Memphis sanitation workers and Chicago's public transport workers and the whole series of strikes in many Detroit auto plants were all held by Black workers with the support of white workers by breaking through the obstruction and disruptive activities of the monopoly capitalist class and the scab unions.

Apart from raising economic demands, the Afro-American workers have put forward clear-cut political demands in the struggle, directing the spearhead of their struggle at the monopoly capitalist groups and their agents. Although the monopoly capitalist class and the scab union bosses have racked their brains and tried in every way possible to control, strangle and undermine the Afro-American workers' struggle, the Black workers have steadily increased their activities to get rid of the control of the scab unions and organize themselves in the fight since last year.

Under the impact of the Afro-American struggle against violent repression and with the Black workers playing an influential role, the militancy of the broad masses of the workers in the United States has steadily increased. Their struggle against the control by the bosses of the scab unions is further developing. Last year, for instance, at least 25 spontaneous strikes took place in the iron and steel industry against the wishes of the scab union bosses, and there was a large number of rank and file committees organized by the masses of workers themselves.

The militant role played by the Afro-American workers has far-reaching significance for the Afro-American struggle and the American workers' movement. More and more Black workers have gone into some U.S. basic industries in recent years, and their position in American society has become increasingly important. For instance, Black workers in the automobile industry make up 35 to 50 per cent of all American auto workers. In important industrial cities such as Chicago, Detroit and Newark, they make up 40-50 per cent of all the workers there. Suffering from all kinds of political discrimination and oppression and ruthless economic exploitation, the Afro-American workers are most resolute and courageous in the struggle. As the Black workers in the United States mount on the political stage of the country still further, the Afro-American struggle is bound to merge further with the U.S. workers' movement to hasten the end of the criminal rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class.

Afro-American Struggle Directly Spurs Student Movement

The Afro-American struggle has also directly spurred the student movement in the United States. In

the past year, the student movement has spread to nearly every university in the country and even large numbers of middle school students in many parts of the country have taken part in it. Standing in the forefront of this struggle are brave, unyielding and fearless Black students. Both the strike at Columbia University, which took place in spring last year and lasted for more than one month, and the four-monthold strike in San Francisco State College, California, which recently ended were set off by Black students and actively joined by white students. Last February, Black students and progressive white students in the University of California carried on a struggle against racial discrimination, in which several thousand students fiercely battled the police for two days on end. The strike by the Black students as well as the progressive white students in the University of Wisconsin gave the reactionary U.S. ruling circles such a bad fright that they sent 3,000 reactionary troops and police to the university to wildly suppress the students. Confronted by this vigorously rising student movement, some sections of the U.S. bourgeois press sounded the alarm, saying that it was an "academic revolution that has transformed the role of the colleges in the country."

Also inseparable from the development of the Afro-American struggle is the American people's struggle against the war of aggression in Vietnam. Not only have more and more young Black Americans opposed the draft, but growing numbers of Black soldiers have actively plunged into the struggle against this war of aggression. The struggle by young Black Americans and Black soldiers against the draft and against the U.S. imperialist war of aggression in Vietnam has inspired American people of different social strata to oppose this war of aggression. Mammoth demonstrations against this war of aggression took place again on April 5 and 6 in dozens of big cities, including New York, Chicago, San Francisco and Washington, in which hundreds of thousands of people took part.

Another characteristic of the development in depth of the Afro-American struggle is that more and more advanced Black Americans have begun a tit-fortat struggle against the various fallacies spread by the monopoly capitalist class to sabotage the Black people's struggle. To suppress the Afro-American struggle which is developing vigorously, the monopoly capitalist class, in addition to stepping up counterrevolutionary violence, has tried in every conceivable way to deceive and hoodwink the Black people. Before and after coming to power, the new chieftain of U.S. imperialism Nixon energetically advocated "Black capitalism," vainly trying to foster a Black bourgeoisie under the wing of U.S. monopoly capital so as to control the Afro-American struggle. The advanced Black Americans have risen courageously in countering the attack by the monopoly capitalist class. They

pointed out that the "Black capitalism" trumpeted by Nixon and his like is nothing but a big plot to maintain the reactionary rule of monopoly capital and deceive and exploit the Black working class still further. They also repudiated the racialism the monopoly capitalist class spreads among the white working people as well as the "cultural nationalism" it spreads among the Black people. All this, they stressed, is a conspiracy of the monopoly capitalist class to split the unity between the Black people and the white working people and to lead the struggle of the Black people astray.

Studying and Disseminating Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought

Some advanced Black people in the struggle have conscientiously studied and propagated Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and summed up the experience and lessons in the Black people's struggle. Through this summing up, many of them have further pointed out that what the Afro-Americans really need is an end to the system of exploitation of man by man, a revolution to destroy the capitalist system, that only the working class can lead the Afro-American movement for emancipation to achieve this purpose and that only by integrating the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought with the concrete conditions in the United States can the working class win victory. This struggle launched by the advanced Afro-Americans is helping the Black masses shake off still further all kinds of mental fetters imposed by the U.S. monopoly capitalist class, and advance rapidly along the road to emancipation.

Torrential Tide of Afro-American Struggle Is Irresistible

The great teacher Chairman Mao has pointed out: "The contradiction between the Black masses in the United States and U.S. ruling circles is a class contradiction. Only by overthrowing the reactionary rule of the U.S. monopoly capitalist class and destroying the colonialist and imperialist system can the Black people in the United States win complete emancipa-

tion." In the face of the daily rising current of the Afro-American struggle, U.S. ruling circles are frantically resorting to counter-revolutionary dual tactics in an attempt to liquidate the Black people's revolution which has broken out in the heartland of U.S. imperialism.

But the upsurge of the Afro-American struggle is the inevitable product of the sharpening class contradictions in the United States and a striking manifestation of the entire political and economic crisis of U.S. imperialism. However desperately U.S. monopoly capital may struggle, it cannot stem this upsurge. At the same time, as U.S. imperialism steps up its policies of war and aggression abroad, it inevitably intensifies its political and economic onslaught against the people at home. And this has further worsened the position of the Afro-Americans. As a result, class contradictions between the broad masses of Afro-Americans and U.S. ruling circles have become ever sharper, and the struggle between them has been increasingly aggravated.

"The Four Seas are rising, clouds and waters raging,

"The Five Continents are rocking, wind and thunder roaring."

The great storm of the people's revolution in various countries of the world is now swiftly developing with the momentum of a landslide. The Afro-American struggle for freedom and emancipation is a component part of the revolutionary struggle of all the people of the world. It is a tremendous support for and encouragement to the struggle against U.S. imperialism waged by the people of all countries, and at the same time it wins the resolute support of the people the world over. Our great leader Chairman Mao has pointed out: "The evil system of colonialism and imperialism arose and throve with the enslavement of Negroes and the trade in Negroes, and it will surely come to its end with the complete emancipation of the Black people." There is no doubt that the development of history will confirm this brilliant prediction.

Mao Tsetung Thought Inspires Arab People's Advance

IN the Middle East region which is one of the focal points of present international struggles, more and more Arab people, through their struggle and especially through the war of aggression launched by U.S. imperialism and its lackey Israel in 1967, have come to

understand profoundly that invincible Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought is the beacon light illuminating their road to liberation and their spiritual atom bomb in the struggle against U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionist social-imperialism and their lackeys. They say in praise: "Deep as the Mediterranean is, Mao Tsetung Thought is deeper still; vast as the Sahara is, Mao Tsetung's wisdom is still vaster."

Arab People Love to Study Chairman Mao's Writings

The Arabic editions of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung (Volume III), Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung and Selected Military Writings of Mao Tsetung and Chairman Mao's Problems of Strategy in Guerrilla War Against Japan and On Protracted War in pamphlet form were published and put on sale one after another in Damascus, Beirut and Cairo after the Arab people rose to resist U.S.-Israeli aggression in 1967.

The publication of these works was enthusiastically welcomed by the revolutionary Arab masses. Some of them began to read Chairman Mao's works on the street as soon as they bought them. Others organized into groups to study Chairman Mao's works conscientiously. Holding a copy of Chairman Mao's work in his hand, an Arab friend said: "The publication of Chairman Mao's works at this crucial moment in the Arab people's struggle is most timely and extremely important for the struggle."

Palestinian guerrilla fighters who are carrying on a heroic armed struggle treasure Chairman Mao's works the most. Because there are not enough copies to go round in some guerrilla bases, the fighters read Chairman Mao's works in turn in the barracks during intervals between battles. Some fighters select quotations from Chairman Mao in the light of concrete combat conditions and study them before they launch attacks on the Israeli aggressors. In the training camps, mimeographed copies of Experience of the Chinese Revolution are passed from hand to hand among the Palestinian fighters. This book contains many wise theses from Chairman Mao's brilliant work Problems of Strategy in Guerrilla War Against Japan, as well as the Three Main Rules of Discipline and the Eight Points for Attention laid down by Chairman Mao for the Chinese People's Liberation Army.

Mounir, a heroic fighter who died gloriously in battle in February last year, had got a set of Selected Works of Mao Tsetung in Arabic. He treasured it dearly and never parted with it; whenever he found a free moment he studied it. He often told his comrades: "China is the most reliable friend of the Palestinian people. Only by relying on great Mao Tsetung Thought, following the road of the Chinese revolution and persevering in a protracted people's war can the Palestinian revolution finally defeat Zionism, which is supported by U.S. imperialism, and liberate Palestine."

Omar, another Palestinian fighter who died a valiant death while covering his fellow-fighters in battle, often told his comrades: "It does not hinder us if we

fall in battle because it will enable our revolution to be victorious and victory will undoubtedly come. As Chairman Mao Tsetung teaches us: "To die for the people is weightier than Mount Tai, but to work for the fascists and die for the exploiters and oppressors is lighter than a feather."

A responsible member of the National Liberation Front in Southern Yemen has told how hard the Southern Yemeni people studied Mao Tsetung Thought in the course of their anti-imperialist struggle. He said that in the years of war, the National Liberation Front had printed *Problems of Strategy in Guerrilla War Against Japan* and Chairman Mao's other works and issued them extensively among the fighters for study.

When the Arabic edition of Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung was still on the press in the United Arab Republic, many people rang up or wrote the publishing house to place their orders. A worker at the printing house said, "The Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung is excellent. We are very happy that it is being printed in our press. Using Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung as our weapon, our people will certainly defeat the U.S.-Israeli aggressors." While working hard to print the Quotations, the workers at the printing house squeezed in time to study this treasured book of revolution.

Drawing Strength From Chairman Mao's Works

Chairman Mao's works have provided the source of wisdom and strength for the revolutionary Arab people and inspired them with the determination to carry their struggle through to the end.

Since the second half of 1967, the heroic Palestinian people, holding high the banner of armed struggle, have kindled raging fires of guerrilla war in the Israelioccupied areas, dealing the aggressors heavy blows. A guerrilla fighter in Al Fatah (the Palestine National Liberation Movement) told a Hsinhua correspondent in Damascus on returning from the front: "The struggle of the Palestinian people for more than a year has proved that the brilliant thinking of Chairman Mao on people's war is the most powerful weapon for the Palestinian people who are fighting for national liberation." He said with deep understanding, "Our enemy Israeli Zionism, supported by U.S. imperialism, is powerful in appearance. But, inspired by Chairman Mao's teaching that all reactionaries are paper tigers, we dare to struggle and dare to win and have incessantly attacked the enemy. The myth that 'Israel is invincible' has been exploded."

A Palestinian youth, Youssef, condemned U.S. imperialism and Soviet revisionism for collusion in pushing the "political solution" fraud in the Middle East. He pointed out: "Mao Tsetung Thought is the most effective ideological weapon guiding our struggle. We will never be cowed by the threats of U.S. imperialism and its lackey Israel, nor will we be deceived by the

honeyed words of the Soviet modern revisionist leading clique." He added: "We do not believe in the 'peaceful solution' of the Middle East question. For us Palestinian people, armed struggle is the only way out."

An Arab lawyer said that the Arab people have firm faith in Chairman Mao's teaching: "The oppressed peoples and nations must not pin their hopes for liberation on the 'sensibleness' of imperialism and its lackeys. They will only triumph by strengthening their unity and persevering in their struggle." This thesis, he went on, fully applies to the Arab people's struggle. They have no faith in the United Nations manipulated by U.S. imperialism and they do not believe in any "political solution" of the Middle East question. Armed struggle is the only way for the Arab people to defeat their enemies — U.S. imperialism and its lackey Israel.

Wave upon wave of mass demonstrations and protests against aggression by U.S. imperialism and Israel has surged forward in the United Arab Republic, Syria, Iraq, Algeria, Yemen, the Sudan and many other Arab countries, as well as in the Israeli-occupied areas.

One old Sudanese worker told Hsinhua in a voice filled with emotion: "We Arab people have no way to wipe out the U.S.-Israeli aggressors except by following Mao Tsetung's road." He took out the red-covered Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung from his pocket and read aloud: "The revolutionary war is a war of the masses; it can be waged only by mobilizing the masses and relying on them."

Through the war of aggression launched by U.S. imperialism and Israel in 1967, more and more Arab people have come to recognize more clearly the criminal features of the treacherous Soviet revisionist renegade clique in dealing with the Arab people. At first its treachery puzzled an Algerian girl student. But after carefully studying the Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung, she found a clear answer. She said with deep feeling: "Who are our enemies? Who are our friends? This is a question of the first importance for the revolution. The Soviet revisionists have stabbed the Arab people in the back. This has enabled the people to see through their hypocritical features of sham support but real betrayal."

"Glory to the Great Mao Tsetung"

Chinese journalists, seamen and medical personnel who have visited Arab countries saw with their own eyes how deeply the Arab people love and respect Chairman Mao. They witnessed many unforgettable instances of this.

When the Chinese ocean-going freighter Tangshan arrived in the Syrian port of Latakia many Syrian workers asked the Chinese seamen for Chairman Mao badges. One of them told a Chinese seaman with feeling: "Chairman Mao is your leader and also the leader of

the world's revolutionary people. You must get me a Chairman Mao badge." The Chinese seaman took his most treasured badge from his jacket and pinned it on the chest of the Syrian worker brother. When a number of Syrian students visiting the ship saw a portrait of Chairman Mao they raised their hands in salute as an expression of their respect for Chairman Mao.

When the Yemeni people were fighting the U.S. imperialists and Saudi Arabian reactionaries plotting to subvert the Arab Republic of Yemen by armed force many members of the self-defence corps in the Sanaa Cotton Textile Mill went to the front with glittering Chairman Mao badges on their jackets, red-covered Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung in their hands and guns on their shoulders.

An old postman in Algeria who had been a guerrilla fighter during the resistance against French imperialism said: "The Chinese Communist Party holds high the revolutionary banner of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and stands firm in the East. It shows the way forward for the revolutionary people of the world in their struggles. This is entirely to the credit of Chairman Mao's leadership." The day the postman got copies of Chairman Mao's works, he studied them with his whole family late into the night.

With heartfelt respect for the great revolutionary teacher Chairman Mao, many Arab people have written poems praising him. Following are verses by a Moroccan poet:

Glory to the great Mao Tsetung!

A long, long life to you!

You are the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our time.

You have creatively developed and applied the theories of Marx and Lenin,

And built a poor and backward China into a modern paradise on earth.

Glory to the leadership of the Chinese Communist Party!

Glory to the great Mao Tsetung and his comradesin-arms!

Glory to the fighters who stare death in the face!

They have defeated the Chinese reactionaries and U.S. imperialism.

They have spread new convictions -

Not only in China but in all other countries in the world —

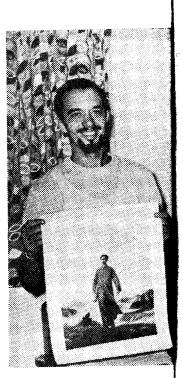
For one objective:

To eliminate exploitation, oppression and poverty for ever, and

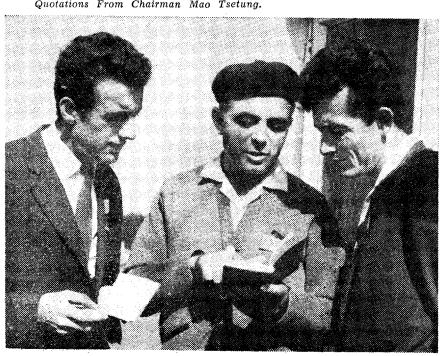
Let the sun shine eternally over the great earth!

The people of Tanzania warmly love Chairman Mao and enthusiastically hail China's great proletarian cultural revolution initiated and led personally by Chairman Mao. Tanzanian people are delighted to see a picture of Chairman Mao reviewing a great army of the cultural revolution.

World's

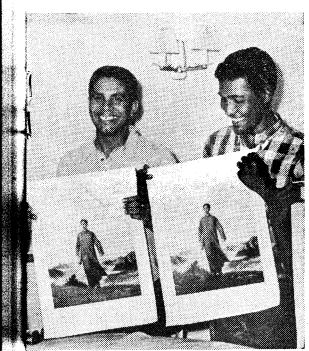


The Albanian people warmly love Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought. Albanian comrades study the Quotations From Chairman Mao Tsetung.





Revolutionary People Warmly Love Chairman Mao





The revolutionary Latin American people warmly love Chairman Mao. When they see the revolutionary Chinese oil painting Chairman Mao Goes to Anyuan, they enthusiastically praise this treasured proletarian work of art. Latin American friends are greatly delighted to have copies of this revolutionary painting.

Holding aloft a red banner with the words "Long live Mao Tsetung Thought," Japanese workers, in support of the struggle of progressive Tokyo students, set up a street barricade to resolutely fight the reactionary police.



Freedom fighters in Africa warmly love Mao Tsetung Thought. A group of Mozambique freedom fighters study Chairman Mao's works during a training break, Studying Chairman Mao's works gives inexhaustible wisdem and strength to patriotic Laotian armymen and civilians who are waging a war against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.



The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China Warmly Greeted

Message of Greetings From Marxist-Leninist Organization of Greek Political Emigrants

Peking

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China:

With revolutionary enthusiasm, the Marxist-Leninist Organization of Greek Political Emigrants warmly greets the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China, a congress of victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China is convened at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution initiated, led and organized by Chairman Mao Tsetung has won historic victory — rich fruits of the great Marxist-Leninist thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung. It constitutes a historic event of great importance to the further all-round consolidation of proletarian China, to the liberation movement of the peoples of the world, to the world proletarian revolution and to the great cause of socialism and communism throughout the world.

Holding aloft the banner of the invincible thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great proletarian cultural revolution has completely smashed the desperate struggle of the counter-revolutionary renegade clique of Liu Shao-chi and its bosses, imperialism and modern revisionism, and shattered the vain U.S.-Soviet dream of restoring capitalism in China.

The victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution is the victory of the thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung, who has developed Marxism-Leninism and has brought it to a new acme in the era when imperialism is heading for total collapse and socialism is winning victory.

In China, under the leadership of Mao Tsetung, the red flags of the great proletarian revolution, of the strong dictatorship of the proletariat, and of the revolutionary leaps forward in proletarian culture and in all fields of socialist construction are fluttering triumphantly.

With the red sun of the thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung shining over the land, red China, which has 700 million glorious people, has brought hope to all parts of the world, inspired the revolutionary struggle of the people of various countries, and smashed the sinister plots of U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionism and their lackeys. Any anti-China adventure by imperialism and revisionism will certainly be smashed by hundreds of millions of glorious fighters of the great proletarian revolution. The Brezhnev-Kosygin renegade provocateur clique has had a taste of their iron fists when it stretched its tentacles to China's Chenpao Island.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China will sum up the precious experiences of the great proletarian cultural revolution. It will hold still higher the red banner of the thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung in the triumphant march to seize all-round victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution. It will also arm the revolutionaries the world over with new strength to win victories for the revolutionary cause of the world proletariat.

Imbued with revolutionary enthusiasm, the Greek revolutionaries, together with the revolutionaries the world over, are paying great attention to the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China so as to gain new experiences and strength for building a Marxist-Leninist Communist Party of Greece, for leading the revolutionary struggle of the Greek people against imperialism, fascism and modern revisionism, and for achieving national liberation and people's democracy.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China is a congress of victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution and a congress for vigorous development of the world liberation movement and workers' movement. It is rallying the world's revolutionaries around it in waging a decisive struggle against imperialism, modern revisionism and reactionaries of all countries.

Let us hold still higher the red banner of the invincible thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung!

Long live the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the great proletarian cultural revolution and the great Chinese people!

With revolutionary salutations,

The Marxist-Leninist Organization of Greek Political Emigrants April 1969

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Union of Dutch Marxist-Leninists

The Congress,

Communist Party of China:

The Union of Dutch Marxist-Leninists greets the Congress of the Communist Party of China.

Hereby world revolution entered a great and new era.

The Communist Party of China will continue, under the leadership of Chairman Mao Tsetung, to fight for a complete victory of Marxism-Leninism.

The glorious Chinese people, guided by the Communist Party of China with Comrade Mao Tsetung at her head, will resist imperialist attacks and destroy revisionism.

Long live the Communist Party of China and Chairman Mao Tsetung!

Long live proletarian internationalism!

Long live the friendship of the glorious Chinese people and the Dutch working class!

For the Central Committee, P.R. Boone, Secretary of Foreign Affairs of the Central Committee of the Union of Dutch Marxist-Leninists

April 2, 1969, Amsterdam

Message of Greetings From Eastern Publishing House of Italy

Peking

The Presidium of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China:

All comrades and friends of the Eastern Publishing House learnt of the opening of the Ninth Congress of the glorious Communist Party of China with the great-

est enthusiasm. The Congress signifies in fact the decisive victory of the Marxist-Leninist line and Mao Tsetung Thought. In the struggle of the great proletarian cultural revolution against the ideology and political line of the bourgeoisie and revisionism, Mao Tsetung Thought provides all revolutionary fighters the world over with a new, invincible ideological and political weapon. Therefore, the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China marks a turning point of historic significance for the international communist movement, for the vigorous development of the people's revolutionary struggle, for the establishment and consolidation of the dictatorship of the proletariat, for national liberation and for the victory of socialism throughout the world. All comrades and friends of the Eastern Publishing House, who stand on the side of the Chinese Communists and people in these common struggles, heartily wish the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China, the proletarian revolutionary line of Chairman Mao and Vice-Chairman Lin Piao. the struggle of the Chinese people and the building of socialism the greatest success. Together with all Italian Marxist-Leninists and revolutionaries, the Eastern Publishing House believes that to carry out the work of propagating Mao Tsetung Thought, which represents the aspirations and will of the whole proletariat of the world, will contribute to the inevitable victory of socialism in our country.

Long live the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the great proletarian cultural revolution!

Long live the glorious Communist Party of China and invincible Mao Tsetung Thought — the reliable guide of the peoples!

The Eastern Publishing House

Message of Greetings From Communist Party of Britain (Marxist-Leninist)

Warmest proletarian revolutionary greetings to Chairman Mao and the great Chinese people on the occasion of the Ninth Congress. We eagerly await report.

The Communist Party of Britain (Marxist-Leninist)

Message of Greetings From Marxist-Leninist Group of Greece

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Dear Comrades:

The Greek Marxist-Leninists have received with enthusiasm the news of the convening of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China. This Congress which confirms the triumph of the great proletarian cultural revolution is a historic event not only to the Communists and people of China, but also to the Communists, revolutionaries and people of the whole world.

The triumphant advance of the great proletarian cultural revolution has dealt a heavy blow to imperialism and its head U.S. imperialism, and to revisionism and its Soviet chieftains. Standing at the forefront of the Chinese Communists and the great Chinese people, the Communist Party of China under the leadership of Chairman Mao Tsetung has opened new paths for socialist construction in China.

These two events as well as the new experience offered to Communists the world over by the great proletarian cultural revolution carried out under the conditions of the dictatorship of the proletariat have endowed your Congress with historic significance. Today, more than ever before, the people of the world who are struggling for liberty and national independence, for people's democracy and socialism, and for a world free from oppression and exploitation turn their eyes to People's China which supports their struggle. They regard the victories of the Chinese proletariat who are the vanguard of the revolutionaries in China as their own victories, because every blow dealt to imperialism brings them nearer to national independence, people's democracy and socialism.

The victorious advance of the great proletarian cultural revolution has once again smashed the illusions of the U.S. imperialists and the Soviet revisionists who thought they could bully People's China. The heroic Chinese people have fought back against all the provocations by U.S. imperialism and against the latest provocations by the Soviet revisionists.

The plot to isolate People's China, hatched in concert by them, is doomed to fail.

Dear comrades, in collaboration with their local fascist lackeys, the U.S. imperialists have imposed an open fascist dictatorship on our country in order to better ensure their economic domination and military bases. Greece has been transformed into a U.S. colony as the U.S. imperialists wilfully plunder and seize the natural wealth of our country and exploit the proletariat and all the working people.

At a time when the U.S. imperialists and the fascists in Greece are arresting, torturing, exiling and imprisoning thousands upon thousands of Communists and other people's fighters, the Soviet revisionists have maintained all their financial, economic and cultural agreements signed with the fascist government before the fascist coup d'etat, thereby rendering the best services to the butchers of the Greek people.

Under such circumstances and difficult underground conditions, the Greek Marxist-Leninists are fighting with all their might to overthrow the regime of foreign domination and servitude to it.

Faithful to Marxism-Leninism which the revisionists have betrayed and tarnished by leaving our people without protection in the face of the plots and aggression by fascism and imperialism, the Greek Marxist-Leninists are fighting to create the favourable conditions which would permit the Greek people to win liberty and independence and overthrow domination by the Greek fascists and the U.S. imperialists. Under these conditions, every victory and every achievement of the Chinese Communists and the Chinese people, above all the present victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution and the convening of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China, fills the Greek Communists with joy and hope, strengthens the confidence of more and more proletarians and other working people in the theory of Marxism-Leninism, and advances their revolutionary struggle against fascism and imperialism.

The Ninth Congress of your Party will constitute a new starting point towards new struggles and successes for the Chinese Communists and the Chinese people. We are sure that the Communist Party of China, under the leadership of Chairman Mao Tsetung, will guide the Chinese Communists and Chinese people to more brilliant new victories.

We extend to you our warm revolutionary salute and express our profound respect for the Communist Party of China and the heroic Chinese people whose struggles and successes we are following with the greatest admiration.

Long live the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the Communist Party of China which carries on and embodies the tradition of the great Chinese revolution and is the standard-bearer of Marxism-Leninism and of world revolution!

Long live proletarian internationalism and the international solidarity of the Communists of the whole world!

Long live the international Marxist-Leninist communist movement!

Let us step up our struggle against imperialism and its head the U.S.A., against modern revisionism with the revisionist clique of the U.S.S.R. as its centre!

Workers of all countries, unite!

The Marxist-Leninist Group of Greece

Message of Greetings From French Proletarian Left "La Cause du Peuple"

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Chairman Mao Tsetung,

Vice-Chairman Lin Piao,

Delegates of the Congress:

It is with immense joy that the French revolutionary masses have learnt of and greet the opening of the Ninth Congress of your Party.

This Congress is taking place at a time when the great proletarian cultural revolution has won a great victory. The Chinese people, under the leadership of the proletarian headquarters of which Chairman Mao is the supreme commander and Vice-Chairman Lin Piao the deputy supreme commander, have completely unmasked and destroyed the headquarters of the counterrevolution, with Liu Shao-chi as the ring-leader, which was bent on restoring capitalism in China. Thus, the proletarian revolutionaries of China, under the brilliant leadership of Chairman Mao, have for the first time in the history of mankind resolved in practice and in theory a series of problems concerning the carrying on of class struggle under the dictatorship of the proleta-The great proletarian cultural revolution has brought to the peoples of the world teachings of universal significance. It is a magnificent initiative which opens up grand perspectives in the history of the emancipation of mankind.

At present, the world revolution has entered a great new era. The revolutionary movements of the peoples are developing vigorously in the five continents. Mao Tsetung Thought, guarantee for their success, is spreading extensively.

Imperialism, headed by U.S. imperialism, and revisionist social-imperialism are beset with insoluble contradictions both at home and abroad. They are in an impasse. Their end is near.

The People's Republic of China, where the dictatorship of the proletariat has been strengthened by the great proletarian cultural revolution, is the red base of the world revolution. It is the impregnable citadel of the world revolution. If U.S. imperialism or Soviet social-imperialism ventures to attack it, the 700 million heroic Chinese people, armed with Mao Tsetung Thought, are ready to wipe them out resolutely, thoroughly, completely and wholly, as the rebuff which they have recently given the Soviet revisionist aggressors has well demonstrated.

The new revolutionary upsurge of the peoples of North America and Western Europe today has joined forces with the struggles for national liberation of the peoples who are persisting in people's war against imperialist rule. In these circumstances, your Ninth Congress, which confirms the victory of the proletarian revolutionary line of Chairman Mao Tsetung, is not only a victory for the Chinese people; it is a victory for all the peoples of the world. The French revolutionary masses have already highly appreciated the unreserved support accorded by the 700 million Chinese to the recent high tide of their struggle in May and June of 1968.

Today, the proletarian revolutionaries in France draw from your Congress a powerful encouragement to hold still higher the banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, Marxism-Leninism of our era, to study it assiduously, to march further along the road of combining the universal truth of Mao Tsetung Thought with the concrete practice of the French revolution, starting out from reality while adhering to principle. For us this Congress is also an encouragement to do our utmost to arm the French revolutionary masses with Mao Tsetung Thought and to build in the heat of the mass struggle a proletarian revolutionary party, in order to win victory in the armed struggle against imperialism, capitalism and revisionism.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China is of historic importance: It deals a severe blow to the imperialists, the revisionists and all the reactionaries; it marks an advance of paramount importance in the proletarian revolution in China and in the world.

Long live the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the great, glorious and correct Communist Party of China!

Long live the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution!

Long live the victory of Mao Tsetung Thought, Marxism-Leninism of our era!

Long live Comrade Mao Tsetung, great teacher of the peoples of the whole world!

Proletarian Left "La Cause du Peuple"

Message of Greetings From Marxist-Leninist Group of Guiana

Peking

The Central Committee of the Communist Party of China:

We have learnt with profound joy the convocation of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China. This Congress, taking place at a time when brilliant victories have been won in the great cultural revolution initiated and led personally by Chairman Mao, is of great historic importance. Apart from establishing the total collapse of the revisionist and renegade clique of Liu Shao-chi, it has powerfully strengthened the

determination of the revolutionaries who are fighting against revisionism, imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism.

Inspired by the teaching of Chairman Mao Tsetung that "if there is to be revolution, there must be a revolutionary party," the Marxist-Leninists of Guiana have organized themselves in order to carry the revolutionary struggle on the sacred territory of the motherland through to the end. We are firmly convinced of Chairman Mao's teaching: "The socialist system will eventually replace the capitalist system; this is an objective law independent of man's will. However much the reactionaries try to hold back the wheel of history, sooner or later revolution will take place and will inevitably triumph."

We are convinced that the Chinese people, the example for all the peoples of the world, will hold still higher the red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought and achieve new successes in all fields.

Long live the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the Communist Party of China!

Long live the friendship between the Guianan and Chinese peoples!

Long live Chairman Mao!

Marxist-Leninist Group of Guiana

Message of Greetings From Hungarian Marxist-Leninists

Peking

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Comrades,

Respected Comrade Mao Tsetung, Respected Comrade Lin Piao:

We extend proletarian internationalist greetings to the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

The historical experience of the Communist Party of China has proved that a revolutionary party can seize political power provided that it can unite the vast majority of the masses, educate the masses and learn from them, can carry out a protracted armed struggle of a mass character against the reactionary military bureaucratic apparatus of the ruling classes and rejects the social-democratic and revisionist idea of achieving political power through peaceful channels. Of course, some "communist" parties, not hesitating to

sacrifice Marxism-Leninism, may become parties which "can wield power" in the eyes of some bourgeois political parties or monopoly capital, but the acquiring of political power in this manner by such parties does not mean that the working class and the working people have gained political power.

The reason why the Communist Party of China once again has been able to revolutionize society through the great proletarian cultural revolution is that the Chinese people have proved to be mature in arousing all the masses to rise up to oppose the reactionary and revisionist forces at home and to support their Party in checking the sabotage activities of these forces. The Communist Party of China is aware that without the struggle of the masses, no administrative measures can provide the guarantee against revisionism, degeneration and capitalist restoration, just as the Chinese people dealt blows to feudalism and imperialism only through the struggle of the masses.

The historical mission of the Chinese people and the Chinese Communist Party is to turn China into a prosperous and united socialist power which can make the balance of forces more and more favourable to progressive mankind. The more powerful socialist China becomes, the more conscious the people and oppressed nations in all continents fighting imperialism are of their own strength, the more able are the people to master their own destiny, and the less dependent is world peace on deals between certain powers.

The Hungarian Marxist-Leninists wish the Chinese people and Communist Party armed with Mao Tsetung Thought ever greater successes in their correct revolutionary policy. This will be the greatest assistance to the revolutionary forces struggling in various parts of the world, including the forces in Hungary striving for socialism.

In conclusion, let us express our profound love and respect to the great Chinese people and Comrade Mao Tsetung.

With Communist salutations,

Hungarian Marxist-Leninists

Message of Greetings From Yugoslav Organization of Marxist-Leninists

Peking

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China,

Dear Comrades:

The news of the opening of the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China was received with great interest by the Marxist-Leninist Communists and working people of our country. We hereby extend warm communist greetings to you and wish your Congress complete success.

The Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China is of tremendous historic significance not only for the Chinese Communists and Chinese people, but also for all Marxist-Leninist Communists and revolutionaries in the world.

Your Congress is being held under the conditions when the thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung has achieved enormous victory, when the triumphant red banner of the great proletarian cultural revolution is flying all over China, when the counter-revolutionary bourgeois-revisionist clique of Liu Shao-chi has been smashed and when all the hopes of international imperialism and modern revisionism to take the great bastion of socialism from within and to restore capitalism in China have been dashed.

The provocations against China perpetrated on many occasions by the U.S. imperialists and the recent intrusions by the Soviet social-imperialists into Chenpao Island on the Wusuli River have once again laid bare the counter-revolutionary aggressive essence of the U.S.-Soviet global alliance against China. Every aggression against China will certainly go bankrupt. The might of great socialist China is invincible. This might stems from economic and military strength, from the 700 million Chinese people's loyalty to the cause of socialism and to Mao Tsetung Thought, and from the correct Marxist-Leninist domestic and foreign policies of the Communist Party of China which has the sympathy and support of all working people throughout the world.

The decisive victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution has enriched the theory and practice of Marxism-Leninism. This victory has provided valuable experience for the peoples who are groaning under the rule of imperialism and revisionism, and has greatly inspired them in their struggle for social and national emancipation.

Dear comrades! Your Congress will go down in history as a congress of the victory of the socialist road over the capitalist road in China, a congress of the victory of Mao Tsetung's great Marxist-Leninist thought.

The protracted and unflagging revolutionary class struggle for socialist revolution, the gigantic successes in the building of a socialist society, the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution, the correct general line of the Communist Party of China and its successes at home and abroad and the might of Mao Tsetung Thought in our era—all this has made the People's Republic of China the centre of the revolutionary international communist movement, the bastion of socialism and world revolution. China has become the hope and defender of all the enslaved and oppressed

people. The Marxist-Leninists, the proletariat and all the oppressed people of the world as well as the people of our country have turned their eyes and minds to red Peking, to your historic Congress and to Comrade Mao Tsetung, the respected and beloved leader of the international proletariat.

The Marxist-Leninists and the people of all nationalities of our country rejoice at the historic successes and victories of the Chinese Communist Party and the Chinese people. They are guided by the invincible theories of Marx, Engels, Lenin, Stalin and Mao Tsetung in their revolutionary struggle against the Tito renegade clique.

Dear comrades! The great experience of your Party sets us a brilliant example in our struggle for the overthrow of the Tito clique, for the full establishment of the dictatorship of the proletariat and for the return of our country to the road of socialism and communism.

Long live the glorious Communist Party of China!

Long live Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader and teacher of the international proletariat!

The Yugoslav Organization of Marxist-Leninists

April 3, 1969

Message of Greetings From Central Committee of Socialist Youth League of Norway

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China:

The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a historic milestone for the revolutionary Communists of the whole world, for the heroic Chinese people and for all the people throughout the world opposing imperialism, capitalism and revisionism.

The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a brilliant example of the invincible thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung, which is a powerful weapon in the hands of the revolutionaries the world over.

On behalf of the Socialist Youth League of Norway and all Norwegian Communists fighting under the red banner of Mao Tsetung Thought, we extend our warmest greetings to the Ninth National Congress. Under the leadership of ever-victorious Mao Tsetung Thought and Mao Tsetung himself, the working class of China has been fighting against the agents of modern revision-

ism and their schemes to undermine the dictatorship of the proletariat and then to restore capitalism.

With the powerful weapon of Mao Tsetung Thought in hand and with the working class as their vanguard, the Chinese people have smashed the schemes for capitalist restoration and have led the great proletarian cultural revolution to victory.

The great proletarian cultural revolution is an important milestone for the working people and revolutionary people the world over. It points out to the world's revolutionary people in an excellent way how to oppose the counter-revolutionary alliance between the leading clique of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union and U.S. imperialism aimed at dividing the world and enslaving the world's people. The Soviet leading clique's armed intrusion into Chenpao Island, territory of the People's Republic of China, has exposed its own true colours as social-imperialism. We most sternly denounce such a counter-revolutionary attack on People's China, an attack which has been repulsed bravely and resolutely by the Chinese class fighters.

The fact that the Chinese Communist Party upholds proletarian internationalism is a tremendous inspiration to the Marxist-Leninist movement throughout the world. Therefore, the revolutionary experience of the Chinese Communist Party is of fundamental significance to the revolutionaries of the world.

The future belongs to the people. The struggle for socialist revolution has developed in one country after another. We are living in an era in which monopoly capitalism and imperialism are heading for collapse. Under the guidance of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, we are sure to win. Comrade Mao Tsetung has creatively upheld and developed the ideas of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin, and has brought the theory of Marxism-Leninism to a completely new and higher stage. He has in this way armed the labouring people the world over with an invincible weapon to fight for communism. Mao Tsetung Thought is also the weapon for the working class to smash the forces - first of all modern revisionism and all the bourgeois influence in the working class movement - which stand in the way of the victory of the socialist revolution.

We have made tremendous progress for having learnt from the Chinese Communist Party and the great proletarian cultural revolution and having applied the thought of Comrade Mao Tsetung to the class struggle in Norway. The Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a great inspiration to us in our unremitting effort to put Mao Tsetung Thought in command in every field.

Long live the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live Chairman Mao Tsetung!

Long live the friendship between the Norwegian and Chinese peoples!

Long live Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought!

The Central Committee of the Socialist Youth League of Norway April 11, 1969, Oslo

Message of Greetings From Congolese (B) National Council of Revolution

Message of Support to the Communist Party of China:

At the time when the Ninth Congress of the great Communist Party of China is being held under the militant leadership of Comrade Mao Tsetung, the great leader of the Chinese proletarian revolution, the National Council of Revolution, headed by Comrade Marien Ngouabi, and the Congolese people join the 700 million Chinese people in warmly celebrating this historic event which, we are convinced, will add to the number of brilliant victories achieved by the great and valiant Chinese people on the road of struggle against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism and monopoly capital.

The National Council of Revolution, its valiant president and the Congolese people consider that the Ninth Congress of the Communist Party of China will be an occasion for the Chinese Communists to frustrate all the counter-revolutionary and reactionary manoeuvres of the forces jointly trying to undermine the fruits of the Chinese revolution, which has emerged much stronger than ever through the severe test. This test has undoubtedly culminated in the successes of the great proletarian cultural revolution.

The National Council of Revolution and its dynamic president wish the Ninth Congress great successes so that the red flames of the great international revolution will burn for ever.

Ange Edouard Poungui, Secretary in Charge of Foreign Relations,

National Council of Revolution of the Congo (Brazzaville)

April 12, 1969, Brazzaville

Message of Greetings From Group of National Organization of Guadeloupe

The Communist Party of China,

Comrades:

On behalf of the Guadeloupe people who are fighting against French colonialism and the local reactionaries headed by the revisionist and anti-national leadership of "the Communist Party of Guadeloupe" and fighting for national independence, the Group of National Organization of Guadeloupe, revolutionary vanguard of the workers and poor peasants, warmly greets the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China and wishes it full success.

You are holding your Ninth National Congress at a historic moment: On the one hand, imperialism is heading for total collapse despite the active support of modern revisionism, at the centre of which is the clique of renegades who have usurped power in the Soviet Union. On the other hand, despite the betrayal, conspiracy and collaboration of modern revisionism with imperialism against them, the national-liberation movements are developing vigorously thanks to the vigilance and firmness of the Communist Party of China headed by Chairman Mao Tsetung, the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our era. Thanks to the thought of Chairman Mao, the national-liberation movements are daily pounding at the alliance of imperialism and modern revisionism, an alliance which shows clearly the counter-revolutionary nature of modern revisionism. We would like to cite as proof the big leap forward in the Guadeloupe people's revolutionary struggle against French colonialism and the revisionist and anti-national leadership of "the Communist Party of Guadeloupe," and for national independence.

The holding of your Ninth National Congress constitutes a new victory of the Communist Party of China, the Government of the People's Republic of China and the heroic Chinese people, guided by the thought of Chairman Mao Tsetung, over imperialism, the most perfidious and barbarous U.S. imperialism in particular, and over modern revisionism of which Liu Shaochi is its No. 1 agent in the People's Republic of China. This Ninth National Congress causes imperialism and modern revisionism to suffer a new tremendous defeat, because it has smashed to pieces their schemes to divide the world into two spheres of influence. It is first of all a manifestation of the all-round victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution led by Chairman Mao Tsetung, the beacon of the revolutionary movements in the world and staunch defender of the purity of the revolutionary theory of Marxism-Leninism. The great proletarian cultural revolution has shattered the bourgeois headquarters which had placed its agents in high Party and state posts. Their aim was to restore capitalism in the People's Republic of China.

Guided by Mao Tsetung Thought and fully supporting the proletarian headquarters led by Chairman Mao and his close comrade-in-arms Lin Piao, the masses of the people of China have uncovered the opportunism and perfidy of and sanguinary betrayal by Liu Shaochi, the chieftain of those in authority in the Party taking the counter-revolutionary road.

Seized with panic and fear because of their successive defeats in China, Vietnam and the rest of the world, imperialism and modern revisionism are trying

jointly in every possible way to discredit this Congress, describing it as a "Maoist farce." This only confirms the Soviet-U.S. imperialist collusion against the national-liberation movements, and shows once again the betrayal of Marxism-Leninism by the Soviet revisionist leading clique. Bogged down by insuperable contradictions, modern revisionism is compelled to resort to the very methods of imperialism (lies and calumnies). The Czechoslovak incident is an illustration of its policy of barbarous aggression. It will never go against this logic till its doom.

The Group of National Organization of Guadeloupe is convinced that the current Congress will strengthen the indomitable determination of the Chinese people to make great China remain red for ever, hold still higher the red banner of revolution and struggle until complete victory, that is to say, until the complete elimination of imperialism and modern revisionism. It is also convinced that the Ninth National Congress constitutes an important contribution to the genuine Marxist-Leninists, the revolutionaries, the nationalliberation movements and the oppressed peoples, thus strengthening their will to fight with redoubled effort against imperialism, colonialism, neo-colonialism and modern revisionism and for national independence, for the triumph of the revolutionary theory of Marxism-Leninism and for socialism.

Long live the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China!

Long live the great Communist Party of China led by Chairman Mao Tsetung, the greatest Marxist-Leninist of our time!

Long live the invincible Chinese people!

Long live the revolutionary theory of Marxism-Leninism!

Down with imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism!

Down with modern revisionism with the clique of renegades who have usurped power in the Soviet Union as its centre!

The Political Bureau of the Group of National Organization of Guadeloupe April 5, 1969

Message of Greetings From Office of Representative Abroad of Patriotic Front of Thailand

A message of greetings from the Office of the Representative Abroad of the Patriotic Front of Thailand signed by Bhayome Chulanond warmly greeted the grand opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China and wished the Congress great and full success.

The message said: "Socialist China, under the leadership of the great Communist Party of China founded personally by Chairman Mao Tsetung, is an inexhaustible source of revolutionary experience for the world's people and the most powerful bulwark of the world revolution. Imperialism headed by U.S. imperialism and modern revisionism with the Soviet revisionist renegade clique as its centre are hostile towards socialist China, the most sincere and most reliable supporter of the oppressed people and oppressed nations of the world in their movement of revolutionary struggles for liberation. The convening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China has not only brought infinite joy to the entire Chinese people but has also immensely gladdened and inspired the revolutionary people the world over."

The message said: "This Congress is convened on the basis of the decisive victory of the world-shaking great proletarian cultural revolution, on the basis of the decisive victory of the proletarian revolutionary line of Chairman Mao Tsetung in thoroughly smashing the bourgeois counter-revolutionary line represented by the renegade, traitor and scab Liu Shao-chi, on the basis of the great victory of invincible Mao Tsetung Thought and at a time when the 700 million Chinese people have acquired a firmer grasp of Mao Tsetung Thought — the acme of Marxism-Leninism — and are more closely united than ever before."

The message said: "The revolutionary, patriotic people of Thailand under the leadership of the Communist Party of Thailand, like the revolutionary people all over, the world, consider all victories in their own revolutionary cause as victories for great Mao Tsetung Thought. The revolutionary, patriotic people of Thailand are always aware that only by studying and grasping well Mao Tsetung Thought can they remould their own ideology and make it more revolutionized, and win greater successes for the revolutionary cause. The revolutionary, patriotic people of Thailand are determined to study Mao Tsetung Thought and launch still fiercer attacks against their enemies — U.S. imperialism and the traitorous Thanom clique — and hasten their doom."

Article in "Unite," Organ of Youth Forces for National Liberation of Jamaica

Unite, organ of the Jamaican Youth Forces for National Liberation, published an article in its April issue warmly acclaiming the convocation of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

The article said: "The news that the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is in session

and that it is presided over by Chairman Mao has gladdened the hearts of us Jamaican revolutionaries and all the revolutionary peoples of the world."

This Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China is a great historic event of worldwide significance, the article added.

It said: "This Ninth Congress is taking place at a time when U.S. imperialism and its lackeys are stepping up their savage oppression and exploitation of the Jamaican people, of the peoples of the West Indies, and of Asia, Africa and Latin America, and it is a great new inspiration and encouragement for us in our just struggle to liberate our homeland."

The article said that under the leadership of the great Communist Party of China which is armed with invincible Mao Tsetung Thought, the Chinese people have become the shining revolutionary example for all the oppressed peoples of the world.

It said: "The Youth Forces for National Liberation hails the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China which has built up our confidence in socialism, and which is a stinging blow for U.S. imperialism, Soviet revisionism, and all their running dogs."

The article cheered: "Long live Chairman Mao!"
"Long live the great proletarian cultural revolution!"
"Long live the great and glorious Communist Party of China!" and "Long live the heroic Chinese people!"

Statement by Permanent Secretariat of Afro-Asian Lawyers

The Permanent Secretariat of the Executive Committee of the Afro-Asian Lawyers' Conference in an April 12 statement warmly acclaimed the grand opening of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China.

The statement said: "The Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Lawyers extends the warmest greetings to the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China and to Chairman Mao Tsetung, the great Marxist-Leninist leader of socialist China and of all peoples of the world."

The statement said: "Under the leadership of the Communist Party of China headed by the respected and beloved Chairman Mao Tsetung, the heroic Chinese people have made tremendous achievements and turned China into a powerful socialist country with modern industry, advanced agriculture and déveloped culture and science."

It pointed out: "The brilliant victory of the Chinese revolution has enormously strengthened the revolutionary forces of the world, immensely encouraged and made a great contribution to the movement for national liberation in Asia, Africa and Latin America against imperialism, colonialism and neo-colonialism headed by U.S. imperialism."

The Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Lawyers, the statement added, congratulated the Chinese people on their great victory in the great proletarian cultural revolution initiated and led personally by Chairman Mao Tsetung. The victory of this revolution has guaranteed that China will never change its political colour. Through this revolution China has emerged more powerful and invincible than ever before.

It pointed out: "The success of the Ninth National Congress of the Communist Party of China will have a great significance in the consolidation of the victory of the great proletarian cultural revolution, and in further strengthening the revolutionary struggle of the oppressed people the world over for national independence, democracy and socialism."

The statement concluded: "The Permanent Secretariat of the Afro-Asian Lawyers sincerely wishes that the Chinese people, armed with Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and under the guidance of the current National Congress of the Communist Party of China, will win new and still greater successes in all fields of China's socialist construction and will still more effectively support the revolutionary struggle of the peoples of Asia, Africa, Latin America and the whole world."

A Communist Full of Revolutionary Vigour

COMMUNIST Party member Ma Yi is an army doctor in a P.L.A. unit stationed on Hainan Island under the Kwangchow Command. The victim of cancer which poses a serious threat to her life, she is boundlessly loyal to Chairman Mao and devotes herself to the live study and application of Mao Tsetung Thought. She seizes every minute of her time to work for the Party and always stands at the forefront in safeguarding Chairman Mao's proletarian revolutionary line in the sharp struggle between the two lines. Her comrades unanimously praise her as an advanced element of the proletariat nurtured by Mao Tsetung Thought, a Communist full of revolutionary vigour.

Closely Following Chairman Mao to Fight Every Minute of the Time

In the spring of 1967, our great supreme commander Chairman Mao issued the call: "The People's Liberation Army should help the broad masses of the Left." Comrade Ma Yi immediately left for the frontlines of helping the Left. Soon afterwards, she learnt that she had carcinoma of the breast. Faced with this grave threat to her life, she remembered Chairman Mao's mighty words: "A Communist must be full of vigour, he must have a strong revolutionary will, he must defy all difficulties and strive to overcome them with an unyielding will. . . ." This teaching filled her with inexhaustible strength. With emotion, she made this solemn vow before a portrait of Chairman Mao: "Chairman Mao! Dear Chairman Mao! Disease may wreck my health, but not my revolutionary will. The less the time I have left to work for the revolution, the more I'll seize every minute to fight in defence of your revolutionary line!"

Ma Yi, lying on the operating table, firmly resolved to conquer cancer. An incision over 30 cms. long was made in her chest. Her left breast and left greater pectoral muscle and smaller pectoral muscle were removed, and three of her ribs cut. Returning to consciousness after the operation, her first thoughts were of our respected and beloved great leader Chairman Mao, and her first words were "Long live Chairman Mao!" In order to return to her fighting post as early as possible, she stubbornly fought back the sharp pain at the incision. She was up after four days and left the hospital 21 days after the operation. While recuperating, she diligently studied Mao Tsetung Thought and disseminated it in the barracks and among the people of the Li nationality. Once, while making a speech propagating Chairman Mao's revolutionary line at a meeting of over 6,000 people, she suddenly felt choked up and dizzy, and could scarcely stand up. The comrades helped her sit down and urged her to take a rest. But when she raised her head, she saw the lofty image of Chairman Mao in a portrait over the platform and was immediately filled with warmth. Her energy restored, she walked back to the platform and continued her speech. Deeply moved, the audience shouted "Long live Chairman Mao!" again and again.

A Communist Should Be in the Van in Defending Chairman Mao's Revolutionary Line

Working hard, Ma Yi found there were new complications in her disease. That night, her head was in a whirl and the idea flashed through her mind: Can my health continue to stand the storm and stress of class struggle? She got up from bed and studied word by word Chairman Mao's brilliant "three constantly

read articles" — Serve the People, In Memory of Norman Bethune and The Foolish Old Man Who Removed the Mountains, and one of Chairman Mao's latest instructions: "The Party organization should be composed of the advanced elements of the proletariat; it should be a vigorous vanguard organization capable of leading the proletariat and the revolutionary masses in the fight against the class enemy." Chairman Mao's words made her see things in the correct light. She told herself firmly: Being boundlessly loyal to Chairman Mao should be your very life. A Communist should always be in the van in defending Chairman Mao's revolutionary line.

The leadership was deeply concerned over Ma Yi and transferred her to a place where conditions were better, but she always said: "A Communist should take up the heavy loads!" Not long afterwards, she went to a people's hospital on Hainan Island to help the Left. Upon her arrival, she immediately led the revolutionary masses there in launching fierce attacks on a handful of class enemies. The enemies hated her intensely and tried in every way to force her to leave. She thought to herself: My combat post in defence of Chairman Mao's revolutionary line is here. I'm going to stand here as firm as a rock! Without any thought for her personal safety, she persisted in the fight. Ignoring the pain caused by her cancer, she stayed up late many nights to hold heart-to-heart talks with the comrades. Ma Yi studied Chairman Mao's works with a nurse who did not dare to charge forward in the sharp class struggle, and they fought self-interest and repudiated revisionism together. This nurse later raised his consciousness of the struggle between the two lines and courageously exposed the crimes of the class enemies. Ma Yi was finally able to use invincible Mao Tsetung Thought to unite the broad revolutionary masses in smashing the schemes of a handful of class enemies and guaranteeing that the power of leadership in the hospital remained firmly in the hands of the proletarian revolutionaries.

Always Advancing Along Chairman Mao's Revolutionary Line

Ma Yi's condition became worse last autumn. Her face and limbs became swollen and the pain grew more acute.

This made her realize that time was getting more and more precious for her to fight in defence of Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. She threw herself into work with redoubled energy. It was at this time that our great leader Chairman Mao cordially received representatives of the People's Liberation Army. A leading comrade who had just come back after seeing Chairman Mao pinned a shining Chairman Mao badge on her chest and encouraged her to conquer cancer with Mao Tsetung Thought. He also told her of the decision to send her to hospital for treatment. The overwhelming concern of our great leader Chairman

Mao for the P.L.A. and the solicitude and care of the Party organization and the comrades profoundly moved her. She recalled that in the old society her father could not afford treatment for his sickness and the whole family stood by helplessly and watched him die. She contrasted this with the happiness of today. Unable to hold back her tears, she said: "I was a poor and wretched child. Chairman Mao gave me everything. I'll cure my disease with Mao Tsetung Thought, by putting up an active fight. Lying in bed will not cure me." At her repeated request, the leadership finally agreed to let her work as a political instructor in a medical team touring the countryside.

After Ma Yi came to the medical team, she worked hard to implement Chairman Mao's important instruction: "In medical and health work, put the stress on the rural areas." Together with the comrades of the team she crossed mountains and rivers in the wind and the rain to serve the people of the Li nationality and to train "barefoot doctors" among them. There was one woman commune member of poor-peasant origin, Wang Yu-chiang, who had been seriously ill three times in the past. Because of the vicious influence of the counter-revolutionary revisionist line in medical and health work pushed by the arch renegade Liu Shao-chi, she was turned out by the snobbish hospitals or given careless treatment each time. As a result, she had become bedridden. With boundless loyalty to Chairman Mao and his revolutionary line and inveterate hatred for the big renegade Liu Shao-chi and the counter-revolutionary revisionist line in medical and health work which he pushed, Ma Yi and the other comrades of the team, after giving the patient over a month of careful treatment, finally cured her.

On Wuchih Mountain, Ma Yi led the team in treating some hundred poor and lower-middle peasants a day. They worked round the clock and were warmly praised by their class brothers of the Li nationality. Yet she was never satisfied. Once at a team meeting, Ma Yi proposed that in order to thoroughly implement Chairman Mao's proletarian line in medical and health work, Chinese medicinal herbs should be widely used to save medical expenses for the poor and lower-middle peasants. With Ma Yi taking the lead, the medical team was determined to explore the treasure-trove of medicinal herbs to be found on the Wuchih Mountain and shoulder both the work of giving treatment and collecting the herbs.

When Ma Yi was leading the barefoot doctors being trained by the team to gather herbs on the mountains one day, the comrades thought it dangerous for her and advised her not to go. But she insisted, and climbed up laboriously grasping a vine. Each exertion brought excruciating pain. But Chairman Mao's great teaching "This army has an indomitable spirit and is determined to vanquish all enemies and never to yield" rang in her ears. Instantly filled with strength, Ma Yi climbed up courageously.

Putting "Support the Army" and "Cherish the People" Before Life

How Train No. 362 of the Harbin Railway's Passenger Service Office Saved a Frontier Guard Injured in the Cause of the People

THERE was recently news of a stirring incident from the Lesser Khingan Mountains in northern China—it was a paean to Chairman Mao's call to "Support the army and cherish the people." A frontier guard Hsu Chen-hsing, who put "cherish the people" before his own life, was severely injured while saving three young Red Guard fighters. Putting "support the army" before their own lives, the staff of Train No. 362, revolutionary passengers on board and railway workers along the thousand-li route made concerted efforts to save the life of the injured P.L.A. man.

Army-People Ties Sealed in Blood

Early on the morning of January 21 this year, the No. 362 regular passenger train which started from Wuyiling pulled into the Tangwangho Station. A severely injured P.L.A. fighter was carried on board.

His pupils were dilated, his breathing quick, his life was in imminent danger. Chief conductor Ma Hsuehhai and other members of the train crew swiftly put him in the sleeping car. When they had learnt the situation from the people accompanying the injured man, they immediately consulted on how to save him.

The afternoon of the previous day, the injured P.L.A. fighter Hsu Chen-hsing and his comrades-in-arms were returning from training their horses when suddenly Hsu's horse shied and stampeded. It galloped wildly towards the mouth of a narrow lane between two houses. Turning the corner into the lane, Hsu Chenhsing suddenly saw three young Red Guards walking abreast towards him. There was no room to turn aside, there wasn't even time to cry a warning. In a split second, Hsu pulled up the reins with all his might and forced the horse to the right.

The three Red Guards escaped unscathed, but not Hsu Chen-hsing. This "five-good" frontier guard bumped into the eaves of a house and was thrown from the horse. His head suffered severe injuries. For an instant before he lost consciousness he struggled to get up to see if the Red Guards were safe.

Comrade Hsu Chen-hsing had once declared: "I put the public good, the cause of the people, the revolution and especially loyalty to Chairman Mao above everything else!" "I will do everything in the interest of the people, and follow Chairman Mao in making revolution all my life." Now, he has made good his pledge with his actions.

On the train, the loudspeaker quickly acquainted the passengers with Hsu Chen-hsing's story. A thousand hearts were moved in anxiety for this gallant fighter.

The chief conductor Ma Hsueh-hai, who had matured in the great proletarian cultural revolution, told other conductors around him: "The life of a P.L.A. fighter is our very own life. There's not a minute to lose. We must save him!" He rushed off an express telegram to the Harbin Railway Bureau and other leading organizations. Mapping out a plan for action, he organized the whole train staff into fighting groups which took charge of giving the patient medical aid, organizing people for blood donations and doing propaganda. Great Mao Tsetung Thought united the staff into a fighting collective under a unified command taking unified action. This collective brought into full play the leading role of the working class in this battle.

Members of the whole train crew, both on and off duty, immediately threw themselves into action.

Meanwhile, Comrade Hsu Chen-hsing remained in a deep coma because of the grave brain injury. The sleeping car where he lay was transformed into an emergency ward and medical attendants worked intensively.

News spread that the patient was running a temperature of over 40° C., and his blood pressure was rapidly rising. It was imperative that his body temperature and blood pressure be lowered. On hearing this, Yang Chun-lin, the elderly chef in the dining car, quickly took out pieces of ice from the ice box for a cold compress. Ignoring the numbing cold, he carefully rubbed off every speck of dust on the ice before rushing it to the medical workers.

The injured man's life hung in the balance. The group in charge of medical aid did everything they could to prepare him for surgery. Kneeling on the floor they gently lifted the patient's head and, taking more than two hours, shaved off his hair with the utmost care.

All the people on the train were anxious about the P.L.A. fighter's condition. When news came over the loudspeaker that a group had been formed to take charge of blood transfusions, many workers, poor and lower-middle peasants, P.L.A. commanders and fighters as well as young Red Guards among the passengers hurried to the car where the patient lay to donate their blood. An elderly village woman repeatedly asked to

be permitted to give her blood. The doctor explained to her over and over again that she didn't have the right blood type, but, with tears in her eyes, she wouldn't leave for a long time.

The passengers all wanted to see this frontier guard who had been injured in the people's cause, but it wasn't possible. Finally, every car selected representatives who formed into teams to visit Comrade Hsu Chen-hsing. One five-year-old girl took her most cherished Chairman Mao badge off her jacket and said to comrades of the visiting team: "For the P.L.A. uncle."

Making Every Minute Count to Save a Beloved P.L.A. Comrade

On receiving the chief conductor's telegram, the dispatch office of the Harbin Railway Bureau at once reported to the bureau revolutionary committee. The leading comrade on the committee thought of Chairman Mao's teaching "Our duty is to hold ourselves responsible to the people." It was a command which he resolved to carry out. He told the comrades of the dispatch office firmly: "We are railway workers of the people. We operate the trains for the people. We must save this injured P.L.A. fighter with the greatest determination and the quickest possible speed." He promptly decided to turn the No. 362 train which made regular stops into an express.

This decision quickly reached the railway subbureaus, stations and offices along the line. It flew to the No. 362. The train was all astir. As it sped through the forest and snow, there were cheers of "Long live Chairman Mao! A long, long life to Chairman Mao!" and the words of a song rang out: "Dear as father and mother are, Chairman Mao is dearer. Deep as the rivers and seas are, proletarian love is deeper."

This was the first time an express had run in this isolated mountain area. Li Hung-tsai, the engine driver who took over the shift, and his two mates were especially stirred to be given the job. In the driver's cab, Li looked with feeling at a portrait of Chairman Mao and said: "Dear Chairman Mao, rest assured that, guided by your brilliant Thought, we will run the train safely to Harbin and get the frontier guard there as quickly as possible."

January temperature in northeast China drops to more than 30° C. below zero. The cold wind whipped up by the speeding locomotive rushed into the driver's cab. But Li was entirely undisturbed. To ensure safety while speeding he leaned out of his cab into the piercing wind to keep watch. He wouldn't even take time off for a bite when the comrades of the dining car sent him his meal. He had only one thought: to guarantee no accidents on this high-speed run so that the frontier guard could be saved.

The crew and the passengers realized that, to the injured man, time was essential. Whenever the train stopped, the chief conductor Ma Hsueh-hai ran as fast as he could to the station's operation office to make

arrangements for the next stop and for taking on water there. The conductors organized the passengers in advance so that people could get off or on the train in the shortest possible time. Postal parcels and other luggage were prepared for double-quick loading and unloading by the luggage van guard. The wagon inspector speeded up his examination of the cars so that the train would not be delayed. They lost not a single minute in the common cause of saving a beloved P.L.A. comrade. They did an unlimited amount of work in a limited period of time. In this limited time, they showed, too, their boundless loyalty to our great leader Chairman Mao and their boundless love for the P.L.A. fighters.

When the train became an express, many passengers had to get off before or after their stations. They all said: "The important thing is to save the frontier guard. The train mustn't be delayed for a minute, even if we have to walk a long way."

To save time, the train did not wait to take on water for the dining car and for making tea. Many passengers went without tea and hot food for a whole day. But they said unanimously: "The most important thing is to rescue the P.L.A. comrade. We are willing to go without food or water for three days, not just one."

On the No. 362, voices singing songs in praise of the great leader Chairman Mao were especially loud that day, people's hearts were especially stirred, the battle to save the patient was especially hard fought. It was truly an express which consciously put Mao Tsetung Thought in command.

All Hearts United Along Thousand-Li Line

Great Mao Tsetung Thought linked the many stations along the line and formed them into a fighting collective to save Hsu Chen-hsing. The responsible comrade of the Harbin Railway Bureau's revolutionary committee came to the dispatch office again and again to ask in deep concern about the No. 362. The responsible comrade of the revolutionary committee of the Chiamuszu Railway Sub-Bureau personally gave directions to ensure that the train would run at top speed. All this made it possible for No. 362 to race ahead without obstacles.

When the train passed the Ichun and Nancha Stations, local departments and units which had heard the news sent them drugs and medical personnel, who boarded the train to help. When it passed through the Tungtsin Station at high speed, the chief conductor, one hand gripping the handbar on the door, threw a slip of paper wrapped around a stone to the station master on duty. He had written: "Please notify the Suihua Station at once to prepare a tracheal tube, clamps, a tractor, a drill, and other surgical instruments and oxygen and anesthetic." Suihua was the very next stop on the line, only 15 minutes away. Time was precious. The station master, slip in hand, ran to the telephone to contact Suihua, and Suihua quickly contacted the Railway Hospital.

When the responsible comrade of the Railway Hospital's admitting office received this emergency message, he swiftly called together the medical staff and gave a brief talk to mobilize everyone for action. Together they recited Chairman Mao's teaching "Without a people's army the people have nothing" and then went to make preparations. In a few minutes, they had all the necessary equipment and drugs ready, which they rushed to the station. One comrade who was ill herself insisted on going along. Reciting "Be resolute, fear no sacrifice and surmount every difficulty to win victory," they reached the station ahead of time, and when No. 362 pulled in, they sent the equipment and drugs on board, as well as a doctor to join the work.

The train went full steam ahead, getting nearer and nearer to Harbin. At the Harbin Station, responsible

comrades of the departments concerned under the Harbin Railway Bureau and medical personnel of a P.L.A. hospital were anxiously waiting.

No. 362 finally arrived at the Harbin Station, 3 hours and 40 minutes ahead of schedule. Comrade Hsu Chen-hsing was quickly carried to the ambulance. . . .

At the hospital after intensive treatment, Comrade Hsu Chen-hsing passed the critical stage.

The heroic armymen and civilians who have been tempered in the struggles of the great proletarian cultural revolution, have again shown their boundless loyalty to Chairman Mao, to Mao Tsetung Thought and to Chairman Mao's revolutionary line. They have composed another song which takes "support the army and cherish the people" as its theme.

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Down With the New Tsars!

In English

This booklet contains "Down With the New Tsars!", an editorial by Renmin Ribao and Jiefangjun Bao; "Soviet Revisionist Renegade Clique Can Only Be Digging Its Own Grave in Rabidly Opposing China," an article by Renmin Ribao Commentator; "Chenpao Island Has Always Been Chinese Territory," an article by the Information Department of the Chinese Foreign Ministry, together with protest notes from the Chinese Government and Chinese Embassy in Moscow to the Soviet Government; and relevant dispatches by the Hsinhua News Agency.

It forcefully exposes the towering crimes of the Soviet revisionist renegade clique which directed its frontier troops to intrude into Chinese territory Chenpao Island, thereby creating an extremely grave incident of bloodshed on March 2, 1969. The pamphlet also records the Soviet frontier troops' subsequent, repeated military provocations and serious encroachment on Chinese territory.

Illustrated by two sketch maps, "Sketch Map Showing Soviet Revisionist Troops' Intrusion Into Chinese Territory Chenpao Island" and "Sketch Map Showing Sino-Soviet Boundary Line in Area Around Chinese Territory Chenpao Island," and three sets of photographs exposing the Soviet frontier troops' crimes of intrusion into China's territory Chenpao Island.

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